Faculty of Dentistry – University of Hong Kong

The Undergraduate Programme in

Prosthetic Dentistry

1996-97

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Preface

This document has been prepared as a record of the undergraduate programme in Prosthetic Dentistry for the academic year 1996-97. The main purpose of this was to facilitate discussions leading to the development of a new programme in Oral Rehabilitation to be introduced in the year 1997-98.

J.E. Dyson July 1997

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Course Objectives

The course was designed to provide the student with a knowledge of the principles and practice of:

- 1. Assessment of occlusion and mandibular function of dentate patients.
- 2. Diagnosis and treatment planning for partially dentate and edentulous patients taking into account the inter-relationship between prosthetic dentistry and other disciplines.
- 3. The clinical and laboratory use of dental materials relevant to prosthetic dentistry.
- 4. Removable partial dentures prosthodontics.
- 5. Complete denture prosthodontics.
- 6. Overdenture treatment.
- 7. Immediate replacement denture treatment.
- 8. Dental technology procedures related to prosthetic dentistry.
- 9. The planning of minor surgical procedures related to the provision of dentures.
- 10. Occlusal adjustment.
- 11. Infection control measures in prosthetic dentistry.

and an understanding of the basic principles of:

- 12. Implants.
- Prosthetic treatment of patients with congenital and post-surgical defects involving oral and maxillo-facial structures.
- 14. Precision attachments.
- 15. Sectional dentures.

By the end of the course the student was expected to be able to:

1. Assessment of occlusion and mandibular function of dentate patients.

- a) Describe the occlusal and mandibular functions of "normal" dentate individuals.
- b) Perform a basic clinical examination, and detect the presence of disturbances of temporo-mandibular joint function.
- Make impressions of dentate arches with correct vestibular and posterior extension.
- d) Pour and trim study casts.

- e) Make jaw relationship records to enable the casts to be mounted in a semiadjustable articulator and to allow the articulator to be correctly adjusted.
- f) Mount casts in the articulator and make appropriate articulator adjustments.
- g) Assess the occlusion of articulated study casts and identify and describe occlusal discrepancies.
- h) Describe the design of occlusal overlay appliances, overlay dentures and their role in the management of occlusal problems and protection of the dentition.

2. Diagnosis and treatment planning for partially dentate and edentulous patients.

- a) Obtain an appropriate history and carry out suitable extra-oral and intra-oral examination of partially dentate and edentulous patients with regard to their prosthetic and other dental needs.
- b) Plan and carry out (or when appropriate, refer for) further necessary diagnostic investigations.
- c) State diagnoses of conditions relevant to the management of patients requiring dentures.
- d) Recognize and understand the significance of anatomical features, pathological, functional and psychological conditions (including those associated with aging) which may affect the execution or outcome of prosthetic treatment.
- e) Determine a suitable treatment plan, setting out the prosthetic and other items of treatment required in an appropriate order.
- f) Recognize those prosthetic or other problems which are beyond the scope of their ability to treat and to arrange appropriate specialist referral.

The clinical and laboratory use of dental materials relevant to prosthetic dentistry.

- State the principal constituents, clinical applications and behaviour of the types of materials commonly used in prosthetic dentistry.
- b) Explain the reasons for selection of particular types of material for particular applications in prosthetic treatment.
- c) Correctly handle the materials commonly used in prosthetic dentistry and explain the underlying reasons for manufacturers' instructions.
- d) Recognize and account for errors, faults and discrepancies due to behavioral and structural aspects of materials used.

4. Removable partial dentures prosthodontics.

- a) Survey study casts and prepare appropriate cast cobalt chromium framework and acrylic denture designs (including provisional and transitional denture designs) for partially dentate patients.
- b) Plan and execute tooth preparation procedures necessary to accomplish the proposed denture design.
- c) Design restorations for abutment teeth which provide for optimal placement of partial denture components.
- d) Demonstrate an ability to provide appropriate motivational and post-insertion instructions to patients.
- e) Carry out all the clinical procedures associated with the construction of cast cobalt chromium framework and acrylic dentures.
- f) Carry out the clinical procedures associated with repairs, relining and modification (by artificial tooth addition [including immediate additions], clasp repair and addition *etc.*) of partial dentures.
- g) Recognise problems associated with design, aesthetic and functional aspects of existing partial dentures.

5. Complete denture prosthodontics.

- Make assessment of design, functional and aesthetic aspects of patients' existing complete dentures.
- b) Make an assessment of the expected prosthetic difficulties of complete denture provision, based on the history and examination of the edentulous patient.
- c) Identify the need for, and carry out modification of existing dentures (e.g. use of tissue conditioners, occlusal correction etc.) prior to construction of new dentures.
- d) Carry out all the necessary clinical and chairside procedures associated with the construction of complete dentures (including provision of appropriate patient instructions).
- e) Identify the need for, and carry out the clinical procedures of relining or rebasing complete dentures.
- f) Carry out the clinical procedures associated with the repair, border modification and occlusal correction of complete dentures.

- g) Identify pathological conditions associated with the wearing of complete dentures and to plan (and, if appropriate, carry out) suitable corrective action.
- h) Describe the rationale for, and techniques associated with, the use of replicas of existing dentures in the construction of new complete dentures.

6. Overdenture treatment.

- a) Identify patients who would be appropriately treated by complete overdentures and provide appropriate counselling.
- b) Select suitable teeth for use as overdenture abutments.
- c) Carry out the preparation of teeth as domed overdenture abutments.
- d) Describe the advantages, disadvantages and use of precision attachments and magnets in overdenture treatment.
- e) Carry out the clinical procedures associated with the construction of complete overdentures on domed abutments.

7. Immediate replacement denture treatment.

- a) Identify patients who would be appropriately treated by provision of partial or complete immediate replacement dentures.
- b) Carry out the clinical procedures (including cast trimming) associated with the construction, insertion and maintenance of partial and complete immediate replacement dentures (where few natural teeth are immediately replaced and alveolotomy is not required).
- c) Demonstrate an ability to provide patients with appropriate pre-treatment and post-insertion counselling.
- d) Describe the indications for, contraindications to, and procedures of alveolotomy and alveolectomy in the context of immediate replacement denture treatment.

8. Dental technology procedures related to prosthetic dentistry.

- a) Describe the laboratory procedures related to the construction and maintenance of partial and complete dentures (including overdentures and immediate replacement dentures).
- b) Write clear laboratory instructions.
- c) Carry out chairside procedures appropriate to general clinical practice including:

Pouring casts

Mounting/remounting casts in a semi-adjustable articulator
Making adjustments to the positions of teeth in wax dentures
Carrying out chairside occlusal and other necessary adjustments of
dentures

9. The planning of minor surgical procedures relating to the provision of dentures.

- a) Recognize anatomical and pathological conditions which require surgical treatment prior to denture construction.
- b) Describe, in general terms, the minor surgical procedures which may be necessary prior to denture construction.
- c) Counsel the patient on matters relating to pre-prosthetic surgery.
- e) Prepare appropriate records (study casts, surgical template or wax up of artificial teeth *etc.*) and write referral notes which will effectively communicate the intended treatment to the oral surgeon.

10. Occlusal adjustment.

- a) Describe the rationale of occlusal equilibration.
- b) Prepare appropriate records for diagnosis and treatment planning in achieving a 'functional' occlusion.
- Carry out occlusal adjustments to facilitate the provision of partial or complete dentures.

11. Infection control measures in prosthetic dentistry.

a) Demonstrate an awareness of infection control problems in prosthetic dentistry and a competence in standard infection control procedures.

12. Implants.

- a) Describe the principles of osseointegration in relation to dental implants.
- b) Describe, in general terms, the restorative aspects and role of osseointegrated dental implants in removable prosthodontics.

13. Prosthetic treatment of patients with congenital and post-surgical defects involving oral and maxillo-facial structures.

a) Demonstrate a basic knowledge of the role of the prosthodontist in the treatment of patients with congenital and post-surgical defects involving oral and maxillo-facial structures.

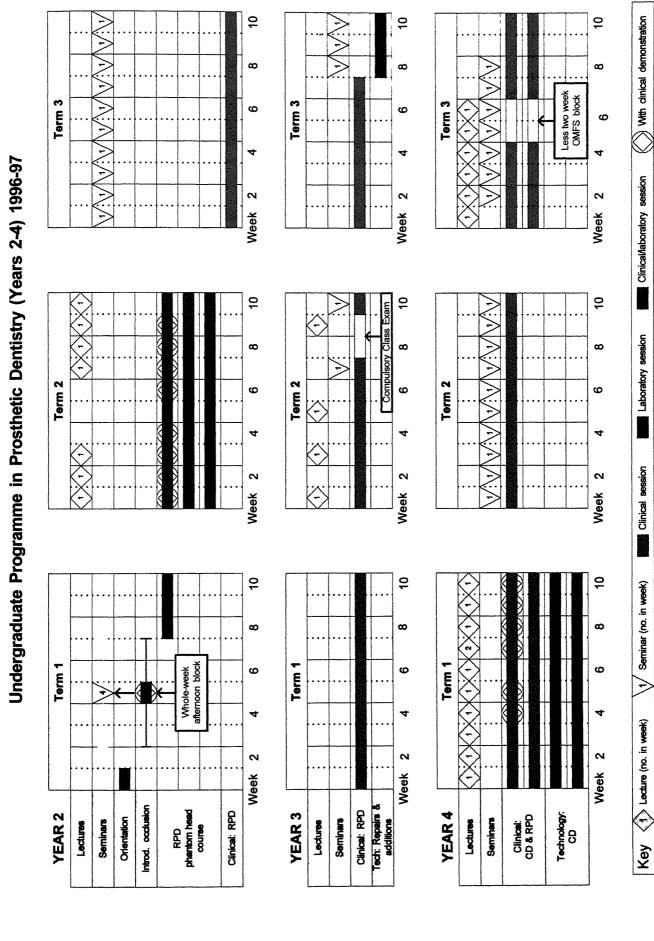
14. Precision attachments.

- a) Give a general description and classification of the various types of precision attachments.
- b) Demonstrate an understanding of the principal advantages/indications and disadvantages/contraindications of precision attachments.

15. Sectional dentures.

a) Describe the general principles of sectional dentures.

Timeline Chart



Sessional Timetables

Year 2 Term 1

Week 1: Orientation and Introduction to Prosthetic Dentistry

V	Veek 2-7	Clinic	al	Technology	
One Week Block			Practical	Demonstration/ Practical	
Monday	U/L Impressions	U/L Impressions			
Tuesday	Occlusion, Mandibular Movements & Positions		U/L Impressions	Pour/Trim Casts	
Wednesday	Articulators				
Thursday	Facebow Record & Jaw Relations	Facebow Record & Jaw Relations	Facebow Record &	Mount Casts	
Friday			Jaw Relations		

Partial Denture Phantom Head Course

Week	Practical (Clinic)	Practical (Laboratory)
8	U/L Impressions/	
9	Facebow Record/ Jaw Relations	Pour/Trim/Mount Casts
10		
Guided Learning		Anterior Tooth Index

Year 2 Term 2

Partial Denture Phantom Head Course (cont.)

			Clinical		Technology
Week	Session	Lecture	Demonstration	Practical	Demonstration/ Practical
	1	Introduction to the Principles of Removable Partial Denture Design	Impressions for study casts/ Facebow Record/ Jaw Relations	Anterior Try-in	
1	2			Anterior Try-in	
	3				Custom Trays
	1	Components of Removable Partial Dentures & Preliminary Design	Survey/Design	Survey/Design	Survey/Design
2	2			Survey/Design	
	3				
	1	Anterior Saddle Partial Denture	Tooth Preps. & Working Imps.	Tooth Preps./	
3	2			Working Imps.	
	3				
	1		Resurvey Master Cast	Resurvey Master Cast	Pour Casts
4	2			Resurvey	
	3				Block Out
	1				Duplication
5	2				Wax Pattern
	3				vvax rauein

Year 2 Term 2 (cont.)

			Clinical		Technology	
Week	Session	Lecture	Demonstration	Practical	Demonstration/ Practical	
	1		Try-in Framework		Wax Pattern	
6	2				0	
	3				Spruing/Investing	
	1	Free-end Saddle Partial Dentures	Wax Try-in		Casting/Adjust/	
7	2			-	Polish Co-Cr Framework	
	3			Try-in Framework		
_	1		Delivery	Try-in Framework	Set Teeth/Wax up	
8	2					
	3	Survey/Final Design/Tooth Preparation		Wax Try-in	Flasking/Processing	
	1		Review			
	2					
9	3	Clinical & Laboratory Procedures			Deflask/Remount	
	1			Fit Dantum to		
10	2			Fit Denture to Phantom Head	Polishing/Finishing	
	3	Casting Failures				

Year 2 Term 3

Clinical - Partial Dentures

Week	Seminar	Clinic
1	Components of Partial Dentures	
2	Surveying and Design	
3	Problems of Free-end Saddles	
4	Partial Denture with Anterior Saddle	
5	Mandibular Movements, Jaw Relations and Occlusion	Patient Treatment
6	Anatomy of Maxilla and Mandible in relation to Impression	
7	Selection of Impression Materials	
8	Partial Denture Aesthetics	
9	Oral Hygiene and Sequelae of Partial Denture Wearing	
10	Transitional and Overlay Partial Dentures	

Year 3 Term 1

Week	Clinical
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	Patient Treatment : Continued from Term 2.3
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	

Year 3 Term 2

Week	Lecture	Seminar	Clinical
1	RPD Failure	-	
2	-	-	
3	Transitional Partial Dentures	-	
4	-	-	
5	Precision Attachments & Sectional Dentures	-	Continue Patient Treatment
6	-	-	
7	-	Further Aspects of R.P.D. Design (Conservative)	•
8	-	Compulsory class	
9	Partial Denture Revision	examination: impressions, viva, RPD survey and design	
10	-	Further aspects of R.P.D. Design (Periodontal and Orthodontic Considerations)	

Year 3 Term 3

Week	Clinical	Technology
1		-
2		-
3		-
4	Patient Treatment	-
5		-
6		-
7		-
8	Seminar	Addition of teeth and flange to upper RPD
9	Seminar	Repair of fractured clasp of RPD
10	Seminar	Repair of fractured CL denture

Year 4 Term 1

			Clir	nical	Techn	ology
Week	Sess.	Lecture	Demonst.	Practical	Demonstration	Practical
1	Clin.					
	Clin.	Assessment of the		Patient		
	Tech.	Complete Denture		Treatment	Pour Casts	Pour Casts
	Tech.	Patient			Custom Tray	Custom Tray
	Clin.	•				
	Clin.	Stages in Complete		Patient		
2	Tech.	Denture Construction		Treatment	Box & Pour	Box & Pour
	Tech.	Conou doucin			Make Base Construction	Base Construction
	Clin.					
3	Clin.	The Complete Denture Base		Patient Treatment		
	Tech.				Deflask+Polish	Flasking
	Tech.	5400			Occlusal Rims	Deflask+Polish
	Clin.		Preliminary Impression			
4	Clin.	Jaw Relationships for Complete		Preliminary Impression		
	Tech.	Dentures			Articulate Casts	Occlusal Rims
	Tech.				Set Up Teeth	Articulate Cast
	Clin.			Preliminary Impression		
5	Clin.	Complete Denture Aesthetics	Working Impressions	Working Imp. (On Cast)		
	Tech.					Set Up Teeth
	Tech.					Set Up Teeth

Year 4 Term 1 (cont.)

				inical	Tecl	inology
Week	Sess.	Lecture	Demonst.	Practical	Demonst.	Practical
	Clin.		Working Imps.			
	Clin.	Complete		Working Imps. Try-in		
6	Tech.	Denture Occlusion				Adjust Lat. & Prot. Occlusion
	Tech.				Balanced Occlusion	Adjust Lat. & Prot. Occlusion
	Clin.	Complete Dentures Using	Jaw Relations	Jaw Relations		
7	Clin.	Duplication Technique		Jaw Relations		
	Tech.	Maintenance of Prostheses -			Finish Wax Up	Wax Up
	Tech. Repairs, Relining and	Repairs,				
	Clin.		Flat Try-in + Protrusive Record	Flat Plane Try-in		
8	Clin.	Immediate Replacement Dentures		Protrusive Record		
	Tech.				Process	Remount & Finish
	Tech.					
		Prosthodontic	Second Try- in	First Try-in Protrusive Rec.		
	Clin.	Treatment of the		Second Try-in		
9	Tech.	Institutionalized & Housebound			Remou	unt & Adjust
	Tech.	Elderly				

Year 4 Term 1 (cont.)

			Clin	ical	Technology	
Week	Sess.	Lecture	Demonstr.	Practical	Demonstr.	Practical
	Clin.	Complete Dentures Opposed by Natural	Check Record & Delivery	Second Try-in		
10	Clin.			Check Record & Fit		
	Tech.	Standing Teeth			Remount	& Adjust
	Tech.	10041				

Year 4 Term 2

Week	Seminar	Clinical Practice	
1	Retention/Support 1		
2	Retention/Support 2	Patient Treatment & Assessment Clinic as timetabled separately	
3	Jaw Relations 1		
4	Jaw Relations 2		
5	Anterior Tooth Selection		
6	Posterior Tooth Selection		
7	Complete Denture Occlusion		
8	Denture Maintenance		
9	Denture Problems 1		
10	Denture Problems 2		

Year 4 Term 3

Week	Lecture	Seminar	Clinical Practice
1	Introduction to Implants	Continued Patient Treatment & Assessment Clinic	
2	Treatment Planning for Implants	Duplication of Complete Dentures and Rebasing	
3	Single Tooth Implants	Overdentures	
4	Implants for Partially Dentate Patients	Implants	
5	Implants for Edentulous Patients	Precision Attachment	
6	Prosthetic Treatment of Cleft Palates and Post Surgical Defects	R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning 1	
7		R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning 2	
8		R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning 3	
9		[O.M.F.S. Block]	
10		[O.M.F.S. Block]	

Contents of seminars

Year 2 Term 1 (year, term, day - whole week afternoon block)					
2.1.1	Upper and Lower Impressions				
2.1.2	Occlusion, Mandibular Movements & Positions				
2.1.3	Articulators				
2.1.4	Facebow Record and Jaw Relations				
Voor 2	Y O T O .				
2.3.1	Term 3 (year, term, week) Components of Partial Dentures				
2.3.1	Survey and Design				
2.3.2	Problems of the Free-end Saddle				
2.3.4	Partial Dentures with Anterior Saddle				
2.3.5	Mandibular Movements, Jaw Relations and Occlusion				
2.3.6	Anatomy in relation to Impressions				
2.3.7	Selection of Impression Materials				
2.3.8	Partial Denture Aesthetics				
2.3.9	Oral Hygiene and Sequelae of Partial Denture Wearing				
2.3.10	Interim, Transitional and Overlay Partial Dentures				
	missing transmission and exercise portioned				
Year 3	Term 2 (year, term, week)				
3.2.7	Further Aspects of R.P.D. Design - Conservative Considerations				
3.2.10	Further Aspects of R.P.D. Design - Periodontal and Orthodontic Considerations				
	Term 3 (year, term, week)				
3.3.8					
3.3.9	· ·				
3.3.10	RPD repairs -2				
Year 4	Term 2 (year, term, week)				
4.2.1	Retention and Support -1				
4.2.2	Retention and Support -2				
4.2.3	Jaw Relations and Records -1, Vertical Dimension				
4.2.4	Jaw Relations and Records -2, Anteroposterior Jaw Relations				
4.2.5	Anterior Tooth Selection and Positioning				
4.2.6	Posterior Tooth Selection and Positioning				
4.2.7	Complete Denture Occlusion				
4.2.8	Denture Insertion and Maintenance				
4.2.9	Diagnosis of the Complete Denture Patient				
4.2.10	Preparatiion of the Mouth for Complete Dentures				
Year 4 Term 3 (year, term, week)					
4.3.1	Duplication of Complete Dentures, Relining and Rebasing				
4.3.1	Overdentures				
4.3.3	Implants				
4.3.4	Precision Attachments				
4.3.5	R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning Workshop -1				
4.3.6	R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning Workshop -2				
4.3.7	R.P.D. Design and Treatment Planning Workshop -3				
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Contents of seminars - Year 2

Seminar: Year 2 Term 1 (afternoon block - Day 1)

Title: Upper and Lower Impressions

Selection of impression trays

stock trays/custom trays/disposable trays selection of the correct size of impression tray

Materials for making an impression

alginate (BlueprintTM/JeltrateTM fast-set)

alginate adhesive

impression compound

beading wax (not recommended where the vestibular tissues need to be recorded acurately)

Clinical procedures in making an impression

patient position

patient preparation

tray modification

impression taking

impression removal

impression disinfection

impression handling

Requirements of impressions for study casts

what should maxillary/mandibular impression record?

Seminar: Year 2 Term 1 (afternoon block - Day 2)

Title: Occlusion, Mandibular Movements and Positions

Occlusion in partial dentures

overiet/overbite

freeway space

working side contacts

non-working/balancing side contacts

interferences

To identify occlusal interferences

articulating paper (red/blue), use of shimstock, occlusal indicating wax

Mandibular movements and positions

TMJ

hinge/rotational

sliding/translatory

ICP

RCP

protrusion

lateral excursion

Seminar: Year 2 Term 1 (afternoon block - Day 3)

Title: Articulators

Function of articulators

Classification of articulators

hinge

fixed value (average value)

semi-adjustable

fully-adjustable

fossa-moulded

Semi-adjustable articulators

arcon/non-arcon

setting of Dentatus articulator

Seminar: Year 2 Term 1 (afternoon block - Day 4)

Title: Facebow Record and Jaw Relations

Use of facebow

Components of a facebow

'U' shaped bow

condylar rods

bite fork

anterior reference point indicator (orbital pointer)

Procedures in facebow registration

locate the hinge axis

maxillary teeth imprint

facebow attachment

orbital pointer

Standard method of jaw registration

ICP

RCP

wax rim

bite registration paste vs. wax

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 1

Title: Components of removable partial dentures

General principles of design

support - retention - stability (bracing)

Saddles

bounded/free-end (distal extension)

flanged/flangeless ("gum-fitted")

Connectors

major/minor (define and demonstrate)

need for rigidity

bars/plates

Classification of major connectors

upper (advantages/disadvantages, patient preference)

anterior palatal, mid-palatal, posterior palatal

lower (advantages/disadvantages, patient preference)

lingual bar, lingual plate, sublingual bar, dental bar ("Kennedy bar" when

used in combination with lingual bar), buccal bar

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Rests
       principles of design
       types - occlusal (marginal ridge) rests, cingulum rests, incisal rests
Retainers
       direct and indirect retention
       terminology - "clasp", "clasp arm", "clasp assembly"
       general principles of clasp assembly design - retention, reciprocation, bracing,
       encirclement, support, passivity
       gingivally approaching (bar arm) clasps vs. occlusally approaching (circumferential)
       clasps -
       indications/contraindications
Bracing components
       reciprocal arms, plate connectors, mesial/distal grips
Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 2
Title: Survey and Design
Preliminary ("ideal") design
       path of insertion/removal
       procedure
Survey the study casts
       the surveyor
       instruments
              analysing rod
               undercut gauges (0.25 mm, 0.5 mm, 0.75 mm)
               graphite marker
               wax knife
       procedure of surveying
       dead space
       guide planes
       retentive undercuts
Finalize the design
Plan tooth preparation
       improvements to occlusal plane
       rest seat preparation
       alter survey lines
       create undercuts
       quide planes
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embrasure widening

Design should be simple limited to one path of insertion/removal (except Kennedy Class IV) hygienic aesthetic

Seminar: Problems of the Free-end Saddle Title: Year 2 Term 3 Week 3

Problems of the free-end saddle vs. bounded saddle

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Problems of the free-end saddle
support (rotation towards the ridge)
prevented by:
wide extension of base
maximize support by using altered-cast technique (muco-displacing impression)
use teeth with small bucco-lingual width and small occlusal area
RPA/RPI
principles of action
difference to conventional clasp-rest-reciprocal system
advantages/limitations/contraindications

retention (rotation away from the ridge)
prevented by:
indirect retention
```

lateral/distal movement

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 4

Title: Partial Denture with Anterior Saddle

Problems of Kennedy class IV

aesthetics
flanged/flangeless saddles
avoid clasping anterior abutment teeth
tendency to rotate in function
upwards & forwards when biting with anterior teeth
downwards & backwards when chewing sticky food
difficulty in selecting the path of insertion
labial undercut
dead space

Rotational path of insertion principle surveying procedure

Indirect retention

Kennedy classes I, II & III situations with anterior modifications

Selection of abutment teeth for support

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 5

Title: Mandibular Movements, Jaw Relations and Occlusion

Mandibular movement
hinge (rotatory)/translatory (sliding)
border movement
sagittal plane
Posselt's envelope
horizontal plane
gothic arch
Bennett shift
Bennett angle
frontal plane
Christensen phenomenon

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Jaw relations
       ICP/RCP
              define
              when to use
       vertical dimension
       methods of registering jaw relationships
Articulators
       types of articulators - functions and limitations
              hinge
              fixed value (average value)
              semi-adjustable
              fully-adjustable
              fossa-moulded
       facebows
Occlusion
       types of occlusion
              bilateral balanced occlusion
              group function (Unilateral balanced occlusion)
              canine guided (Mutually protected occlusion)
       requirements for an optimal occlusion
       adjustments to natural teeth
              MUDL/BULL
       positioning the artificial teeth
Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 6
Title: Anatomy of the Maxilla and Mandible in Relation to Impression
Maxilla
       surface structures
       residual ridge
       buccal sulcus
       labial and buccal fraena
       incisive papilla
       hamular notch
       maxillary tuberosity
       vibrating line
       fovea palatini
       torus palatinus
Mandible
       residual ridge
       buccal sulcus
       retromolar pad
       external oblique ridge
       mental foramen
       mentalis eminences
       lingual sulcus
       sublingual folds
```

genial tubercles torus mandibularis

mylohyoid muscle

buccinator

Musculature

orbicularis oris
levators and depressor anguli oris
superior and inferior incisivi labii
levator labii superioris and depressor labii inferioris
mentalis
intrinsic and extrinsic muscles of the tongue
superior constrictor of the pharvnx

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 7 Title: Selection of Impression Materials

Types of impression materials
thermoplastic impression material
impression wax
impression compound
rigid impression material
impression plaster
impression paste
elastic impression material
hydrocolloids
agar (reversible)
alginate (irreversible)
synthetic elastomers
polysulphide rubber
polyether
silicone rubber

Requirements of impression materials

Considerations of selection of individual impression material properties advantages limitations uses

Factors influencing tissue displacement displaceability of tissues confinement of impression material in tray (spacing, perforations, extension) viscosity (setting, time related) rate of insertion

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 8
Title: Partial Denture Aesthetics

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undercut
              mesio-buccal vs. distal-buccal
Base material
       flange
              characterization
              shade
       flangeless
       papillae
Artificial teeth
       size
       shade
       mould
       material
       position
       characterization
Alternative denture designs (brief introduction)
       precision attachments
       sectional dentures
       rotational path of insertion
Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 9
Title: Oral hygiene and Sequelae of Partial Denture Wearing
Denture maintenance
Denture stomatitis
       fungal agent
       aetiology
       management procedures
              antifungal therapy
              correction of ill-fitting dentures
              efficient plaque control
Denture cleansing methods
       brushing
       immersion
              hypochlorite, alkaline peroxide, chlorhexidine
              (action, usage, advantages and disadvantages)
Effects of partial dentures on caries and periodontal disease
       rate of caries and periodontal disease of abutment teeth
              studies
       mechanism
       acrylic resin vs. cobalt chromium alloy
       prevention
Changes to the denture supporting alveolar process
       bone resorption
              prevention
```

Title: Interim, Transitional and Overlay Dentures

Interim dentures
 "spoon" denture, Every denture

Transitional dentures
 definition
 indications
 principles of design
 prevention
 support
 retention
 stages in construction
 examples of commonly used transitional dentures

Overlay dentures

Seminar: Year 2 Term 3 Week 10

Overlay dentures
definition
indications
clinical procedures
temporary vs. permanent overlay dentures

Contents of seminars - Year 3

Seminar: Year 3 Term 2 Week 7

Title: Further Aspects of RPD Design - Conservative Considerations

Need for treatment planning

critically assess prognosis of carious/fractured/non-vital teeth design RPD before commencing Cons treatment.
incorporate undercuts, rest seats etc. in restoration

Seminar: Year 3 Term 2 Week 10

Title: Further Aspects of RPD Design - Periodontal and Orthodontic Considerations

Periodontal

plaque - increase in quantity and pathogenicity
Pretreatment assessment of plaque control
Design of RPD to facilitate plaque control
Consider physical ability of patient to effect plaque control

Orthodontic

teeth could be moved before RPD treatment to improve occlusion aesthetics, and to facilitate RPD design

Seminar: Year 3 Term 3 Week 8

Title: Additions to RPDs

Indications for addition of teeth or flange to

existing RPD to replace teeth lost due to extractions/trauma existing transitional RPD to convert to CD existing RPD following minor surgery on alveolar ridges/soft tissues existing RPD following accidental fracture

Assessment of RPD for suitability for addition of teeth/flange

Seminar: Year 3 Term 3 Week 9

Title: RPD Repairs - 1

Causes of clasp fracture

accidental
faulty design
attempts at adjusting clasp by bending or trimming

Repairs

welding to framework? addition of wrought wire clasps stainless steel gold Seminar: Year 3 Term 3 Week 10

Title: RPD Repairs - 2

Causes of base fracture

accidental thickness insufficient

deep notches for frena and muscle attachments etc.

Assessment of base for suitability for repair

Preparation of base for repair

Repair process

Contents of seminars - Year 4

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 1
Title: Retention and Support (1)

Retention, support and stability

definition/importance/complaint of "looseness"

factors:

border seal, close mucosal contact (neuromuscular control, surface tension, gravity, atmospheric pressure)

Support

ideal support

keratinized mucosa, resilient submucosa, firmly bound down to underlying cortical bone, area of muscle attachment

topography of maxilla (areas contributing to support, 1°, 2°, R, N/C)

topography of mandible (areas contributing to support, 1°, 2°, R, N/C)

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 2

Title: Retention and Support (2) - Impressions

Importance of good impression in relation to retention/support

Factors affecting the displacement of the mucosa mucosa, viscosity of material, tray design, timing

Types (advantages and disadvantages)

"mucostatic"/mucodisplacing/selective pressure

Technique used in this hospital (rationale of each step)

preliminary impression (compound moulding, trimming of border, alginate wash) outline of custom tray

secondary impression (check and modify custom tray, ZnO/E vs. plaster)

Problems during impression taking and the management

gagging

flabby ridge, undercut

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 3

Title: Jaw Relations and Records (1) - Vertical Dimension

Factors to be established

occlusal plane, vertical dimension, anteroposterior jaw relations

Importance of correct occlusal plane, consequences of errors

tilted laterally/anteroposteriorly

too high/low

Importance of correct vertical dimension, consequences of errors

too large/small

Importance of correct anteroposterior jaw relations, consequences of errors types of error possible

Check base and wax rim before taking jaw relations

base: roughness, extension, fit, stability, rigidity, potential "heel clash" wax rim: simulate tooth position, soft tissue support, concept of "neutral zone"

Guides to establish occlusal plane (technique, advantages and disadvantages) level

aesthetics, angle of mouth, yawn, retromolar pad to corners of mouth, parotid papilla

lateral orientation

interpupillary line

anteroposterior orientation

Camper's line, tongue, ridges, retromolar pad-angle of mouth

Guides to establish vertical dimension (technique, advantages and disadvantages)

aesthetics

measurement

phonetics

swallowing

bite force

comfort zone

ridaes

old denture

pre-extraction record

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 4

Title: Jaw Relations and Records (2) - Anteroposterior Jaw Relations

Importance of establishing centric occlusion at centric relation prosthetic convenience, reproducibilty by dentist and patient

Factors influencing the centric jaw relationship records

Techniques (advantages and disadvantages)

manipulation

gothic arch tracing

swallowing

cephalometric

Materials

wax

ZnO/E

plaster

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 5

Title: Anterior Tooth Positioning and Selection

Importance of anterior tooth positioning and selection

Anterior tooth positioning (advantages and disadvantages of the various techniques)

aesthetics

lip, vermilion border, nasolabial angle, aesthetic plane

biometric guide ("set the teeth where they grew")

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maxillary: incisal edges 8-10mm in front of the incisive papilla, rugae,
       inclination of ridge crest, tips of canines on a straight line drawn through
        centre of incisive papilla
        mandibular: angle of mouth, modiolus
functional
        phonetics, smiling line, neutral zone
old record
       old dentures, pre-extraction record, photograph, radiographs
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Anterior tooth selection

size

interalar width, angle of mouth, face proportion, old dentures, pre-extraction record

shade

single vs. variety of shades age, personality, patient, relatives ? hair, eye, skin colour characterization

mould

inverted face face proportion arch shape sex, personality, age

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 6

Title: Posterior Tooth Selection and Positioning

Importance of posterior tooth positioning and selection

Posterior tooth positioning (advantages and disadvantages) biometric guide ("set the teeth where they grew") maxillary: palatal gingival remnants, cheek

mandibular: ridge crest

functional

phonetics, neutral zone

old record

old dentures, pre-extraction record

Posterior tooth selection

size

ski slope, no of teeth

shade

mould (advantages and disadvantages)

30° vs. 20° vs. 0°

material (advantages and disadvantages)

acrylic vs. porcelain

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 7 **Title: Complete Denture Occlusion**

Importance of complete denture occlusion

Hanau's Quint (interrelationship)

condylar guidance, incisal guidance, cuspal angle, compensating curve, orientation

Occlusal scheme (advantages and disadvantages)

balanced occlusion, concept of "enter bolus exit balance", non-working side (balancing side) contacts becoming non-working side interferences in function group function ("unilaterally balanced occlusion")

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 8 Title: Denture Insertion and Maintenance

Final check

fit, extension, retention, stability, tooth positions, aesthetics, speech, vertical dimension, jaw relationship

Check record (rationale, technique, material)

Occlusal adjustment

centric occlusion (MUDL rule) lateral excursion (BULL rule) protrusion

Instructions to patient

problems may be encountered (loose, pain, speech, mastication)
denture care (advantages and disadvantages)
removal at night time
mechanical (brushing)
chemical (peroxide, acid, enzyme, hypochlorite, chlorhexidine gluconate solution)

importance of review appointments

Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 9 Title: Diagnosis of the Complete Denture Patient

Diagnosis

history (severity, timing, exclude other causes) examination (patient, denture) investigation

General causes

patient factor
 psychological/biological
denture factor
 tissue/polished/occlusal surface

Problems and management

pain of tissue pain of muscle/TMJ looseness mastication appearance speech others (tolerance, retching)

Adjustment vs. new dentures

extension (adjustment/addition) fit (adjustment/reline) retention (postdam) teeth setting (reset) Seminar: Year 4 Term 2 Week 10

Title: Preparation of the Mouth for Complete Denture

Importance of physical and psychological preparation of patient

Psychological

explanation of limitations

Biological

soft tissue

redness, swelling, ulcer, hyperplasia, denture stomatitis, flabby ridges high fraenal attachment, vertically enlarged (fibrous enlargement of) maxillary tuberosity, shallow sulcus

hard tissue

uneven bone, undercut, horizontally enlarged maxillary tuberosity, sharp mylohyoid ridge, mentalis eminences, genial tubercules

Management

non-surgical

removal of cause tissue conditioning

surgical

excision, recontouring, vestibuloplasty, ridge augmentation

Seminar: Year 4 Term 3 Week 1

Title: Duplication of Complete Dentures and Relining/Rebasing

Denture duplication

indications and contraindications clinical and laboratory procedures

Relining/rebasing

indications and contraindications clinical and laboratory procedures

Seminar: Year 4 Term 3 Week 2

Title: Overdentures

Advantages

preserve bone/proprioception improve support/stability/(retention)/aesthetics easy plaque control, less mobile, psychological, convertibility

Disadvantages

still susceptible to caries, periodontal disease, wear undercut, over-contour, under-contour interocclusal clearance (high occlusal plane, easy base fracture) cost of endondontic therapy

Indications and contraindications

Use of magnets, bars and stud attachments

Clinical and laboratory procedures

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Seminar: Year 4 Term 3 Week 3
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Title: Implants

Definition, classification, history and development

Scientific background of titanium endosseous implants

Implants vs. other treatment options (advantages and disadvantages)

Clinical and laboratory procedures

assessment
stage I
post-stage I
stage II
post stage II
prosthesis construction

Other applications and future development

Seminar: Year 4 Term 3 Week 4
Title: Precision Attachments

Definition

prefabricated (precision) and custom made (semi-precision) attachments

Classification

extra-coronal, intra-coronal, bars, studs, miscellaneous examples

Advantages

aesthetic, retentive

Disadvantages

extensive tooth reduction, stress on abutment time/cost need for high standard of laboratory support difficult repair and maintenance

Clinical and laboratory procedures

Seminar: Year 4 Term 3 Week 5-7

Title: RPD Design and Treatment Planning Workshops 1-3

Case discussion

Contents of Lectures

Year 2 Term 2 (year, term, week)

- 2.2.1 Introduction to Principles of Removable Partial Dentures
- 2.2.2 Components of Removable Partial Dentures and Preliminary Design
- 2.2.3 Free-end Saddle Partial Dentures
- 2.2.7 Anterior Saddle Partial Dentures
- 2.2.8 Survey/Final Design/Tooth Preparation
- 2.2.9 Clinical & Laboratory Procedures
- 2.2.10 Casting Failures

Year 3 Term 2 (year, term, week)

- 3.2 1 RPD Failures
- 3.2.3 Transitional Partial Dentures
- 3.2.5 Precision Attachments & Sectional Dentures
- 3.2.9 Partial Denture Revision

Year 4 Term 1 (year, term, week)

- 4.1.1 Assessment of the Complete Denture Patient
- 4.1.2 Stages in Complete Denture Construction
- 4.1.3 The Complete Denture Base
- 4.1.4 Jaw Relationships for Complete Dentures
- 4.1.5 Complete Denture Aesthetics
- 4.1.6 Complete Denture Occlusion
- 4.1.7a Complete Dentures Using Duplication Techniques
- 4.1.7b Maintenance of Prostheses Repairs, Relining and Rebasing
- 4.1.8 Immediate Replacement Dentures
- 4.1.9 Prosthodontic Treatment of the Institutionalized and Housebound Elderly
- 4.1.10 Complete Dentures Opposed by Natural Standing Teeth

Year 4 Term 3 (year, term, week)

- 4.3.1-5 Implants 1-5
- 4.4.6 Prosthetic Treatment of Cleft Palates and Post Surgical Defects

Contents of lectures - Year 2

Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 1 Title: Introduction to the Principles of Removable Partial Dentures Lecturer: JE Dyson Reasons for tooth loss and its effects on appearance and function Sequelae to tooth loss bone resorption (rate of bone loss following extraction) loss of support of facial musculature overeruption, tilting and drifting of teeth and their effects on occlusion Alternative methods of managing edentulous spaces "masterly inactivity" fixed prosthesis (principal advantages/disadvantages) removable prosthesis (implant retained prosthesis (Objectives of RPD treatment Specific indications for RPDs long edentulous span lost alveolar bone needs to be replaced patient preference, time/cost constraints where extensive tooth preparation/surgery are contraindicated Potential harmful effects of RPDs caries periodontal disease alveolar bone loss (mucosa) Minimizing potential harmful effects of RPDs replace only those teeth which need to be replaced minimal coverage of teeth and gingivae design to provide good SUPPORT and STABILITY (define) General principles of design (mechanical) support retention stability (bracing) Classification of saddles bounded / free-end (distal extension) flanged / flangeless ("gum-fitted") Classification of RPDs by support tooth (why preferred) mucosa tooth and mucosa (principal problems of free end saddles) Kennedy Classification principles of the system ignore teeth not being replaced most posterior saddle determines the classification

examples of classes I, II, III and IV (with modifications)

Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 2 Title: Components of Removable Partial Dentures and Preliminary Design Lecturer: JE Dyson General principles of design - provision of: support retention stability (bracing) Saddles bounded/free-end (distal extension) flanged/flangeless ("gum-fitted") Connectors major/minor (define and demonstrate) need for rigidity bars/plates Classification of major connectors upper (advantages/disadvantages, patient preference) anterior palatal, mid-palatal, posterior palatal lower (advantages/disadvantages, patient preference) lingual bar, lingual plate, sublingual bar, dental bar ("Kennedy bar" when used in combination with lingual bar), buccal bar Rests principles of design types - occlusal (marginal ridge) rests, cingulum rests, incisal rests Retainers direct and indirect retention terminology - "clasp", "clasp arm", "clasp assembly" general principles of clasp assembly design - retention, reciprocation, bracing, encirclement, support, passivity gingivally approaching (bar arm) clasps vs. occlusally approaching (circumferential) clasps indications/contraindications Bracing components reciprocal arms, plate connectors, mesial/distal grips Preliminary ("ideal") design path of insertion/removal procedure: outline saddles connect saddles provide resistance to movement towards the tissues (support) provide resistance to movement away from the tissues (retention) provide resistance to antero-posterior and lateral movement (bracing) provide resistance to rotations

simpify the design

Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 3 Title: Free-end Saddle Partial Dentures Lecturer: TW Chow Kennedy classification class I class II Difficulties support retention stability Two rotations considered 1) towards ridge problems to: teeth/bone design features: maximum coverage Applegate technique narrow occlusal table RPI/RPA 2) away from ridge problems to: teeth/retention design features : indirect retention RPI/RPA Distal movement MD grips - pros and cons RPI system I-bar/Akers clasps contra-indications/indications Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 7 Title: Anterior Saddle Partial Dentures Lecturer: TW Chow Options to replace anterior teeth: implant bridge **RPD** Kennedy classification - class IV definition limitations and peculiarity of definition Difficulties retention, stability (rotation)

definition
limitations and peculiarity of definition

Difficulties
retention, stability (rotation)
design features
guideplane
posterior tilt - labial undercut for flange
indirect retention (re: class l/free-end saddles cases)
rotational path of insertion
aesthetics - dead spaces
design features

flangeless denture no direct retainers next to saddle rotational path of insertion

Rotational path of insertion

principles

2 tilts:

0° tilt posterior tilt

versatility of rest/clasp/reciprocal complex

difficulties when

flange required additional saddle

Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 8

Title: Survey, Final Design, Tooth Preparation

Lecturer: APLH Dias

Designing RPD

preliminary design - (very brief revision)

survey final design

Survey

cast surveyor and its accessories

determining tilt of occlusal plane

path of insertion and removal of RPD

path of displacement

use of

analyzing rod carbon marker

undercut gauges

tripodding cast

final design

modify preliminary design if required following information from surveying

cast

list tooth preparation required

tooth preparation

altering survey lines

guiding planes

occlusal/cingulum rest seats

embrasure widening

working Impressions, resurvey, finalize design

Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 9

Title: Clinical and Laboratory Procedures

Lecturer: APLH Dias

(C1 = clinical stage, visit no. L = laboratory stage)

(C1) History, examination and diagnosis

preliminary impressions

facebow record

(L) study casts

treatment options

no prostheses

fixed prostheses

removable prostheses

implant supported prostheses overdentures with/without attachments

preliminary design of RPD

survey

final design

(C2) Tooth preparation, working impressions, working casts

resurvey working cast, prescription to technician

- block undercuts, duplicate cast in refractory (+ stone cast) (L)
- preparation of cast for laying of wax pattern (L)
- wax pattern and addition of sprues (L)
- investing and casting (L)
- (L) devesting, trimming and polishing framework
- (C3) framework try in
 - (C + L) altered cast technique for free-end saddle RPDs
 - (L) addition of occusal rims
- (C4) maxillo-mandibular relationship records

facebow record if required

selection of teeth, base shade

- articulating casts, setting up teeth, waxing up (L)
- (C4) try-in

protrusive record if required

- occlusal adjustments (if required), flasking, packing, processing and finishing (L)
- issue of RPDs (C5)

occlusal adjustments

instructions to patient

(C6) recall in 1 wk

review RPD, adjustments as necessary

recall at regular intervals

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Lecture: Year 2 Term 2 Week 10
Title: Casting Failures
Lecturer: APLH Dias
Outline of process of casting Co-Cr framework
       wax pattern, sprues
       investing
       casting
               casting machines
Defects in castings
       rough surfaces
               air bubbles on wax pattern
                       moving/vibrating wax pattern after investing
                       low W/P ratio
                       prolonged heating
                       temp of alloy too high
                       high casting pressure
                       foreign substance in mould cavity
       finning
               too rapid heating
       incomplete casting
               insufficient venting
               Incomplete elimination of the mould
                       low W/P ratio
                      insufficient heating of the alloy
       porosity
               solidification shrinkage
                       localized shrinkage porosity
                       microporosity
               gas
                       pinhole porosity
                       gas inclusions
                       subsurface porosity
               air entrapped in mould
               oversized or undersized castings
                       casting too large
```

distorted casting distortion of wax pattern

casting too small

excessive mould expansion

insufficient mould expansion

Contents of lectures - Year 3

Lecture: Year 3 Term 2 Week 1

Title: RPD Failures Lecturer: WC Chung

Sequelae of denture wearing

Destiny of partial denture

RPD failure

aesthetic failure - patient's expectation

poor design of components poor tooth selection/set-up

design failure - inadequate/over design

inadequate support/retention/resistance/stability

technical failure - inadequate mouth preparation

poor impression technique

processing faults

mechanical failure - tooth/base bonding failure

fatigue failure of components

casting defects

biological failure - caries of abutment teeth

periodontal disease

accelerated residual ridge resorption

Procedures to prevent failure

adequate ODTP good study models survey and design

adequate patient/mouth/teeth preparation

well executed techniques

good communication with technician

Lecture: Year 3 Term 2 Week 3
Title: Transitional Partial Dentures

Lecturer: JE Dyson

Definition

Indications

some remaining teeth have poor prognosis - but that: immediate extractions not required

Types

to allow conversion to more extensive partial denture to allow conversion to complete denture

tooth (tooth/mucosally) supported mucosally supported

Principles of design

appropriate major connector (to allow attachment of additional teeth/saddles) this may, however, unavoidably compromise remaining dentition appropriate base extension (border seal of converted denture)

```
Special requirements of impressions
       extension
       recording of supporting soft tissues
Jaw relationships
       establisment of:
               occlusal plane
               vertical dimension
       ICP vs. CJR
       recording techniques
Extending/converting transitional partial dentures
       clinical procedure
       laboratory procedures
Examples of clinical cases treated by transitional partial dentures
Lecture: Year 3 Term 2 Week 5
Title: Precision Attachments and Sectional Dentures
Lecturer: JE Dyson
Precision attachments
Introduction
       general description
       use on natural tooth abutments and implants
       historical background
               e.g. Chaye's attachment (1906)
       role in restorative dentistry
Nomenclature (definitions)
       precision attachments (prefabricated attachments)
       semi-precision attachments (custom made attachments)
Parts
       matrix, patrix
Joint
        "fixed", movable, "stress-breaking" joint (springs)
Retention
       friction
       locking mechanism
Classification
       intracoronal
               advantages/disadvantages
                      examples of prefabricated and custom made types
        extracoronal
               advantages/disadvantages, examples
        studs
               types, applications, examples
        bars
               types, applications, examples
          miscellaneous
               screws, posts, bolts, hinges etc., examples and applications
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Magnets

use in overdentures

Advantages of precision attachments

aesthetics

retention, support, stability

Disadvantages of precision attachments

tooth preparation expense/time technique sensitive requires careful treatment planning and preparation difficult to maintain and repair

Sectional dentures

principles

use of multiple paths of insertion, examples problems/dangers associated with unilateral designs

Lecture: Year 3 Term 2 Week 9 Title: Partial Denture Revision

Lecturer: APLH Dias

Principles of designing RPD

Sequence of designing RPD

mark missing teeth

indicate probable undercuts

outline saddle/s

support saddle - occlusal rests etc.

retain saddle - direct retainers (clasps, precision attachments)

- indirect retention

bracing

major connector

Surveying

brief description

Components of RPDs

saddles

occlusal rests and similar components

direct retainers

connectors

Contents of lectures - Year 4

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 1

Title: Assessment of the Complete Denture Patient

Lecturer: WC Chung

Complaint

looseness, slacking inability to chewing pain poor appearance

History

dental-extraction, reasons of tooth loss, denture history medical

Examination

extra-oral - angular cheilitis, sunken cheeks, lip eversion

intra-oral - arch form and resorption

denture bearing area - mucosal type, flabby ridge anatomic landmarks and their significance

pathology - papillary hyperplasia., denture granuloma

radiographic - bone quality

id nerve retained roots pathology

Diagnosis

report of findings

Treatment plan

removal of retained roots surgical corrections of anomalies/pathologies tissue conditioning new/duplication denture

Prognosis

prediction of outcome of treatment plan

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 2

Title: Stages in Complete Denture Construction

Lecturer: WC Chung

Clinical stages

stage 1 - ODTP, primary impression

stage 2 - working impression

stage 3 - jaw relationship records and facebow record

tooth shade and mould selection

stage 4 - flat plane try in

protrusive record and condylar inclination setting

stage 5 - balanced try in

base shade selection

stage 6 - delivery

check record

Laboratory stages

stage 1 - study casts

custom trays

stage 2 - boxing of working impressions

working models

heat cured acrylic permanent bases

wax occlusal rims

stage 3 - mounting

teeth set-up in flat plane

stage 4 - teeth set-up in balance

stage 5 - process and finish in base acrylic

stage 6 - remount of lower cast

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 3
Title: The Complete Denture Base

Lecturer: JE Dyson

Requirements of the complete denture base (definitions)

retention support stability

Retention

outline of past theories
description of current concept of the mechanism of retention
need for border seal and close mucosal fit
means of achieving these
posterior border seal for mandibular and maxillary denture bases

Support

factors influencing support
quality of underlying tissues
anatomical considerations
area of coverage
displacement of tissues
impression technique
displaceability of tissues

Stability

(quality not only dependant on the bases)
destabilising forces
tongue, lips, cheeks etc.
characteristics of the ridge
use of overdenture abutments as aids to stability

Techniques in base construction

preliminary impressions

methods used and rationale

choice of materials

preliminary casts

design of custom trays

secondary impressions

methods used and rationale

choice of materials

production of secondary casts

production of acrylic base

```
Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 4
Title: Jaw relationships for Complete Dentures
Lecturer: TW Chow
Posselt's envelope - revision
Changes when patient becomes edentulous
3 considerations:
   antero-posterior (horizontal)
              most retruded/most anterior/uppermost position of condyle
              brief introduction of centric relation/centric occlusion
              reproducibility/prosthetic convenience
   transverse
              brief discussion
   vertical dimension (discussed in detail)
              importance
              problems related to incorrect VD
              detailed discussion:
                      what is VD?
                      where is VD?
                      how to arrive at the 'correct' VD?
               commonly used clinical methods
                      measurement
                      aesthetics - looks good
                                                     on right track
                      phonetics - sounds good
                      complete zone - feels good
                      others
Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 5
Title: Complete Denture Aesthetics
Lecturer: JE Dyson
Objectives in establishing a patient's appearance
       realism
       "beauty"
       compatabilty with functional aspects
Dental factors influencing appearance
       soft tissue support
       vertical dimension of occlusion
        occlusal plane
        tooth size, shape, shade, characterization
        tooth arrangement
        "gumwork" (contour, shade)
Use (and limitations) of pre-extraction records
        photographs
        study casts
        previous immediate replacement dentures
        radiographs
 Concept of "harmony" in relation to appearance
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```
size
               guides to selection:
               interalar width = distance between tips of canines (arranged in arch)
               bizygomatic width/16 = width of central incisor
                 distance between corners of mouth = distance between tips of canines
       shade
              factors:
               colour (value, hue, chroma), gloss, opacity, fluorescence
       shape
              facial shape as guide to selection
                      J. Leon Williams classification
                             square, tapering, ovoid
               (+ square-tapering, tapering ovoid, square-tapering-ovoid)
                      J.H. Lee classification
                             W/W, N/N, W/N, N/W
Arrangement of artificial teeth
       biometric guides
               anatomical landmarks, relationship to ridges, incisive papilla
       asymmetry
               rotations, tilting, spacing
Relationship and perception of size, lightness and position of anterior teeth
Simulated soft tissues ("gumwork")
       shade
       contour (gingiva, interdental papillae, mucosa)
       characterization
Common problems with complete denture aesthetics (examples) and their avoidance
       "small white teeth"
       teeth set too far back on ridge
       regular, symmetrical tooth arrangement
       "gumwork" without contour
       "candy pink" acrylic
       knife edged papillae
       intact incisal edges
Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 6
Title: Complete Denture Occlusion
Lecturer: TW Chow
Definition of occlusion
Differences between natural and artificial occlusion
Jaw relationship - must be correct
While occlusion is tooth-to-tooth contact, tooth position re: biometric guide is important in
setting of teeth.
    upper occlusal plane
               level
               orientation
```

Selection of artificial tooth mould

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lower occlusal plane
              level - tongue control
'Balanced' occlusion/articulation
   concept
   determinants
               Hanau's guint
               Thielmann's "equation"
               clinical significances
               Bull rule
   'unilateral balance' (group function) - a type of this used in this hospital
   protrusive balance
               concept
               limitations
Occlusion for patients with skeletal
   class II
   class III
Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 7a
Title: Complete Dentures using Duplication Techniques
Lecturer: JE Dyson
Rationale for using a duplication technique
       enables desirable features in existing dentures to be selectively reproduced
       more predictable outcome
       reduced number of clinical appointments
Disadvantages
       ?laboratory work more demanding
       may be difficult if the previous dentures are grossly unsatisfactory
Specific indications
       dentures are worn down but otherwise satisfactory
       particular features of existing dentures are identified as desirable
       replacement for immediate replacement dentures
       elderly patients with poor adaptability
       convenience in domicilliary treatment
Techniques (clinical and laboratory stages)
        assessment of existing dentures
        methods of production of replicas
               silicone moulds, agar, alginate
               use of flasks, impression trays, soap box for duplication
               production of replicas in cold cured acryic, wax or acrylic + wax teeth
        impressions
               modification of borders
               open vs. closed-mouth ("functional") impressions
        modifications to occlusal plane, lip support, VD
        iaw relationship records
               CJR
               ?situations where ICP of old dentures can be accepted
        tooth selection
               shade and mould
        setting the teeth
```

use of index wax try-in assessment of trial dentures delivery

Case presentations

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 7b

Title: Maintenance of Prostheses - Repairs, Relining and Rebasing

Lecturer: APLH Dias

Role of patient

regular and efficient cleaning of prostheses keeping periodic review appointments consult clinician if and when problems arise

Role of clinician

regular check of:

prosthesis

oral hard and soft tissues

remedy, identified problems, reinforce OHI etc.

repairs

fractured base

dislodged/fractured teeth

assess prosthesis for suitability for repair

reline

assessment of prosthesis for reline

reline

clinical procedure laboratory procedure

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 8

Title: Immediate Replacement Dentures

Lecturer: JE Dyson

Indications

where all remaining teeth have very limited prognosis

Alternative approaches to treatment

clearance followed by 3 month healing period

transitional partial dentures later converted to complete dentures (preferred)

overdentures

Advantages of immediate replacement dentures against 3 month healing period

no period of "toothlessness"

prevention of development of abnormal habits

appearance of natural teeth can be reproduced

protection of extraction sites

(jaw relationship of natural teeth can be reproduced) - not a valid advantage

Disadvantages

3 month period without posterior teeth

no period of denture wearing experience prior to insertion multiple extractions in one (final) stage technical requirements cost

Technique (c = clinical, I = laboratory stages)

(c) preparation

clearance of posterior teeth

- (c) preliminary impressions
- (I) pour casts, clinician designs custom trays, construction of custom trays
- (c) secondary impressions (ZnO/E, ZnO/E + alginate, elastomeric material)
- (I) pour casts, construct wax rims on stabilized bases
- (c) contour rims, jaw relationship records
- (I) mount, set up posterior teeth in wax
- (c) try in posterior teeth
- (I) cut teeth off cast and replace, clinician trims casts and plans surgery, complete flange, process and finish
- (c) extractions, surgery, denture insertion, patient instruction

Follow-up and patient insructions

24 hours

inspection and adjustment

1 week

inspection and adjustment, suture removal, check record

over next 3 months

periodic inspection and adjustment, use of tissue conditioner

after 3 months

localised reline or rebase

Case examples

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 9

Title: Prosthodontic Treatment of the Institutionalized and Housebound Elderly

Lecturer: JE Dyson

The ageing society

Demographics

Hong Kong's elderly

General problems of the elderly

social

physical

psychological

Problems of obtaining dental services in Hong Kong

Existing treatment programmes for the elderly overseas

Perceived treatment needs vs. normative needs and realistic needs

Special considerations when treating elderly living in a group

Common dental problems of the elderly

tooth wear

recession

root caries advanced periodontal conditions persistent use of unsatisfactory dentures

Patient and carer education

Treatment planning considerations
general health, medical status, medications
psychological aspects
expectations and motivation
physical limitations
handicaps

Problems of delivery of dental care to institutionalized and housebound elderly

Basic equipment requirements

Minimizing the problem of equipment use appropriate techniques utilize on-site "equipment" improvise plan ahead

Appropriate restorative techniques glass ionomer cements

Appropriate prosthetic techniques partial denture types and designs complete dentures using duplication techniques

Case examples successes and failures

Lecture: Year 4 Term 1 Week 10

Title: Complete Dentures Opposed by Natural Standing Teeth

Lecturer: TW Chow

- includes opposing bridges and RPD

Difficulties stability aesthetics support/occlusal forces

Maxillary natural dentition vs. mandibular complete denture emphasis - extremely difficult treatment options:

mandibular implant support overdenture

mandibular implant support overdentals mandibular implant support bridge maxillary clearance and C/refer

Single maxillary complete denture vs. mandibular natural dentition concept/technique/procedures based on Winkler except 'unilateral balance' rather than 'bilateral balance'. occlusal analysis

mounted casts occlusal plane analysis diagnostic wax up template for tooth reduction

Limitations should be recognized

Lecture: Year 4 Term 3 Weeks 1-5

Title: Implants 1-5 Lecturer: TW Chow

The course covers essential aspects of modern implantology using some of the teaching materials by Nobel Biocare (formerly Nobelpharma) and the cases treated nthe Hospital. The course is designed to give the undergraduate an overview and understanding of osseointegrated implants. Technical details are mentioned to illustrate principles

A) Introduction

History

Discovery of Ti

Histology - bone/Ti oxide interface Surgical and prosthodontic principles

System: Brånemark

components: fixture (wide/narrow/regular platforms)

abutment - various types prosthesis = suprastructure bridge

overdenture single tooth

surgery: 2-stage technique

prosthodontic: various, new components constantly evolving screw retained/cemented

B) Treatment planning

Medical history

importance

absolute contraindications relative contraindications

Reminder

reasons for replacement of teeth options: none/bridge/RPD/implants

others: orthodontics/surgery Diagnostics wax up - work backwards!

Ridge (bone) assessment:

The 2 "Q"s

quality

quantity

Radiographs/imaging techniques

OPG

PΑ

Scanora

CT scan

C) Implants for edentulous patients

Initial assessment

Make a good set of dentures first

Final assessment

Biomechanical considerations

Surgical stent

video on surgery

video on prosthodontics procedures

+ commentary by lecturer

D) Implants for partially dentate patient

Emphasis on TREAMENT PLAN

Assessment of ridge/saddle/space

Surgical stent

Anatomical precautions

video on surgeries in maxilla and mandible

video on prosthodontic procedures

+ commentary by lecturer

E) Single tooth implant

Treatment plan - important!

System - Ceraone

Surgical and prosthodontic aspects discussed in some detail to illustrate the

difficulties and the level of care necessary.

Illustrated by cases treated in the Hospital

F) Maintenance

Plaque control extremely important

Gadgets/aids for cleaning

G) Complications

Briefly mentioned. Importance in adhering to protocol emphasized. Reinforced the message: obtain proper training before attempting implants, start off with specialists.

H) Concluding remarks

Lecture: Year 4 Term 3 Week 6

Title: Prosthetic Treatment of Cleft Palates and Post-Surgical Defects

Lecturer: WC Chung

Maxillofacial prosthetics as a sub-specialty of prosthodontics

Team personnel

Origin and nature of defects

Cleft palate

infant orthopedics feeding appliance

speech appliance

definitive prosthetic rehabilitation

Immediate surgical prosthesis rationale - function/hygiene/psycho-social

Procedures

preoperative guidelines intra-operative procedures post-operative guidelines

Hollow bulb obturator

Facial prosthesis

Functional reconstruction titanium mesh implant supported prosthesis

Reading List

Year 2

General Reading

- * Academy of denture prosthetics : Principles, concepts, and practices in prosthodontics.
 - J. Prosth. Dent. 61(1):88-109, 1989.

Year 2 Term 3

Seminar 2.3.1: Components of Partial Dentures

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 2, 3 & 4.
- 2. Miller, E.L. & Grasso J.E.: Removable partial prosthodontics. 2nd ed. 1981.
 - Ch. 8 & 9: The design of structural units. p. 151-194.
- 3. Chow, Clark & Ho: A new ring clasp design.
 - J. Prosth. Dent. 59:638-639, 1988.

Seminar 2.3.2: Surveying and Design

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 5 & 13.
- 2. Miller, E.L. & Grasso J.E.: Removable partial prosthodontics. 2nd ed. 1981.
 - Ch. 5: The cast surveyor the surveying procedure. p. 103-117.
 - Ch. 8 & 9: The design of sturcture units. p. 151-194.

Seminar 2.3.3: Problems of the Free-End Saddle

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 6.
- 2. Krol, A.J.: Clasp design for extension-base removable partial dentures.

- J. Prosth. Dent. 29:408-415, 1973.
- 3. Eliason, C.M.: R.P.A. Clasp design for distal extension removable partial dentures.
 - J. Prosth. Dent. 49:25-27, 1983.
- 4. Lechner, S.K.: The distal extension saddle partial denture a review. Aust. Prosth. J. 59-64, 1987.

Seminar 2.3.4: Partial Dentures with Anterior Saddle

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 7.
- Zarb, Bergman, Clayton & Mackay: Prosthodontic treatment for partially edentulous patients. p. 458-462, 1978.
- Chow, Clark, Clarke & Ho: A rotational path of insertion for Kennedy IV removable partial denture.
 Brit. Dent. J. 164:180-183, 1989.

Seminar 2.3.5: Mandibular Movement, Jaw Relations and Occlusion

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 1 & 8.
- Ramfjord, S.P. & Ash, M.M.: Occlusion. 3rd., 1983.
 Ch. 4 & 13: p. 128-174, 384-424.

Seminar 2.3.6: Anatomy in Relation to Impressions

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press,1988. Ch. 15.
- Zarb, G.A., Bolender, C.L., Hickey, J.C. & Carlsson, G.E.: Boucher's prosthodontic treatment for edentulous patients. 10th ed. 1990.
 Ch. 7, p. 147-168 & Ch. 9, p. 194-223.

Seminar 2.3.7 : Selection of Impression Materials

1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 13.

- Combe, E.C.: Notes on dental materials. 4th ed. 1981.
 p. 165-166, 168-171 & 176-179.
- 3. Miller, E.L. & Grasso J.E.: Removable partial prosthodontics. 2nd ed. 1981.
 - Ch. 4: Obtaining the impression. p. 72-93.

Seminar 2.3.8: Partial Denture Aesthetics

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 1.
- Suggested chairside procedures for natural esthetics in complete dentures.
 Dentsply International Inc. 1978.
- 3. Murray, A.D.: Aesthetic considerations in removable partial denture design.

 Dental Annual 1989: p. 201-210.

Seminar 2.3.9: Oral Hygiene and Sequelae of Partial Denture Wearing

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 9 & 10.
- 2. Bergman: Periodontal reactions related to removable partial denture: A literature review.
 - J. Prosthet. Dent. 58:454-457, 1987.
- 3. Bergman & Ericson: Cross-sectional study of the periodontal status of removable partial denture patients.
 - J. Prosthet. Dent. 61:208-210, 1989.
- 4. Bergman, B., Hugoson, A. & Olsson, C.O.: A 25 year longitudinal study of patients treated with removable partial dentures.
 - J. Oral Rehab. 22(8):595-600, 1995.

Seminar 2.3.10: Interim, Transitional and Overlay Dentures

- 1.* Clark R.K.F. (ed.) An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. HKU Press, 1988. Ch. 11 & 12.
- 2. Miller, E.L. & Grasso J.E.: Removable partial prosthodontics. 2nd ed. 1981.

Ch. 19: The removable partial overdenture. p. 300-308.

Ch. 21: The interim prosthesis and the treatment prosthesis. p. 326-333.

Supplementary Reading

Dental Technology. Blakeslee, Richard W., (Mosby) 1980.

Clinical Removable Partial Prosthodontics. Rudd, Steward & Kenneth, (Ishiyaku EuroAmerica) 1992.

Partial Removable Prosthodontics. Kratochvil, James F., (Saunders) 1988.

Removable Partial Denture Construction. Bates, John F., (Wright) 1978.

Dental Laboratory Technology: Prosthodontic Techniques. Sowter, John B., (University of North Carolina) 1968.

Partial Dentures. Neill, D.J., (Blackwell) 1983.

Removable Denture Prosthodontics, 2nd ed. Grant, Alan A., (Churchill Livingstone) 1992.

* Compulsory Reading

Seminars Year 4 Term 2

Seminar 4.2.1: Retention and Support (1)

- 1. An Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press, Ch. 17: 162-165.
- 2. Brill, N. Factors in the mechanism of full denture retention. A discussion of selected papers. (1967) *Dent. Pract.* **18** (9): 9-19.
- Jacobson T.E. & Krol A.J. (1983) A contemporary review of the factors involved in complete dentures. Part III: Support. J. Pros. Dent. 49 (3): 306-313.

Further reference:

Murray, M.D. (1989) "The Theoretical Debate" in "Physical Aspects of Complete Denture Retention" (Ph.D. dissertation, University of Hong Kong): 9-39.

Seminar 4.2.2: Retention and Support (2) - Impressions

- 1. An Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press, Ch. 18: 166-176.
- 2. Neill D.J. & Nairn R.I. Complete Denture Prosthetics (2nd or 3rd ed.) Chapters on primary and secondary impressions.

Seminar 4.2.3 : Jaw Relations and Records (1) - Vertical Dimension

- An Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press, Ch. 19: 177-179.
- 2. Nairn R.I. The concept of occlusal vertical dimension and its importance in clinical practice. In Mastication. eds. Anderson D.J. & Matthews B., J. Wright & Sons (1976): 58-60.
- 3. Clark R.K.F., Chow T.W. & Cooke M.S. Orientation of the occlusal plane in Cantonese patients *J. Dent.* (1986) **14**: 262-265.

Seminar 4.2.4: Jaw Relations and Records (2) - Anteroposterior Jaw Relations

- 1. An Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press, Ch. 20: 179-182.
- 2. Boucher's Prosthodontic Treatment for Edentulous Patients. 9th ed. 277-291 or 10th ed. 282-295.
- 3. Yurkstas A. & Kapur K. Factors influencing centric relation records in edentulous mouths. *J. Pros. Dent.* (1964) **14**: 1054-1065.
- 4. Helkimo M., Ingervall B. & Carlsson G.E. Variation of retruded and muscular position of mandible under different recording conditions. *Acta Odont. Scand.* (1971) **29**: 423-437.

Seminar 4.2.5: Anterior Tooth Positioning and Selection

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press : 191-196.
- 2. Neill D.J. & Nairn R.I. Complete Denture Prosthetics. 2nd ed.: 133-151 (or 3rd ed.: 65-69).
- 3. Suggested chairside procedures for natural esthetics in complete dentures. Published by Dentsply International Inc.: 8-13.
- 4. Watt and MacGregor: Designing Complete Dentures (1976): 214-228.

Seminar 4.2.6: Posterior Tooth Selection and Positioning.

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press: 197.
- 2. Boucher's Prosthodontics Treatment of Edentulous Patients. 9th ed.: 334-343, 354-364.
- 3. Complete Denture Occlusion International Prosthodontics Workshop. University of Michigan School of Dentistry: 145-153, 202-204.

Seminar 4.2.7 : Complete Denture Occlusion

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press, Ch. 20: 183-190.
- 2. Winkler Essentials of Complete Denture Prosthodontics: 326-341.

3. Nairn, R.I. (1973): Lateral and Protrusive Occlusions. J. Dent. 1: 181-187.

Seminar 4.2.8: Denture Insertion and Maintenance

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press: 198-210, 206-207.
- 2. Neill D.J. & Nairn R.I. Complete Denture Prosthetics. 2nd ed.: 122-132 (or 3rd ed.: 101-113).
- 3. Neill D.J. A study of materials and methods employed in cleaning dentures. *Brit. Dent. J.* (1968) **124**: 107-115.

Seminar 4.2.9 : Diagnosis of the Complete Denture Patient

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press : 207-210.
- 2. Neill D.J. & Nairn R.I. Complete Denture Prosthetics. 2nd ed.: 151-156 (or 3rd: 117-122).
- 3. Watt. D. Designing complete dentures: 229-234.
- 4. Clark R.K.F. The Problem Complete Lower Denture. *Dent. Update* (1978) **5**: 441-449.

Seminar 4.2.10: Preparation of the Mouth for Complete Denture

- 1. Introduction to Clinical Prosthodontics. (1988) ed. Clark R.K.F., H.K.U. Press: 155-161.
- 2. Boucher's Prosthodontic Treatment for Edentulous Patients. 9th ed. Ch. 6: 98-116.
- 3. Bastiaan R.J. Denture sore mouth, aetiological aspects and treatment. (1976) Aust. Dent. J. 21: 375-382.
 - 4. Gonzalez J.B. Use of tissue conditioner and resilient liners. *Dent. Clin. N. Amer.* (1977) **21** (2): 249-259.
 - 5. Faigenblum M.J. Retching its causes and management in prosthetic practice. *Brit. Dent. J.* (1968) **136**: 485-490.

Seminar 4.3.1: Duplication of complete dentures and relining/rebasing

- 1. An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. ed. Clark, HKU Press Chapter 29, pp. 253-263.
- 2. Duplication of full dentures. Cooper J.S. & Watkinson A.C. (1976). *Brit. Dent. J.* **141**:344-348.
- 3. The versatility of the copy denture technique. Heath J.R. & Johnson A. (1981). *Brit. Dent. J.* **150**:189-193.
- 4. The clinical handling of dental materials. Smith B.G.N., Wright P.S. & Brown P. (2nd edition), pp. 117-120.

Seminar 4.3.2: Overdentures

- 1. An introduction to clinical prosthodontics. ed. Clark, HKU Press Chapter 24, pp. 211-219.
- 2. Problems related to the successful use of overdentures. Fischer J.F. et al. (1983). *Quintessence Dent. Technol.* **10**:219-222.
- 3. The role of overdentures. Ralph J. & Basker R. in Gerodontology, edited by Barnes I. & Walls A. Chapter 15, pp. 135-145.

Seminar 4.3.3 : Implants

- 1. The evolution of implants over the last fifty years. Mah C. (1990). *Aust. Pros. J.* **4**:47-52.
- 2. Osseointegrated implants principles and practice. Watson R.M., Forman G.H. & Davis D.M. (1989).

Part 1: Osseointegration and surgical techniques with the

Nobelpharma Implant System.

Dent. Update 16:327-335.

Part 2 : Prosthetic rehabilitation with osseointegrated implants.

Dent. Update 16:374-379.

Part 3 : Case treatments with the Nobelpharma Implant System.

Dent. Update 16:426-430.

3. The implant-supported single-tooth restoration - preoperative evaluation and clinical procedure. Boudrias P. (1993). *Dent. Clin. N. Am.* **37**(3):497-511.

4. Single tooth replacement - expanded treatment options. Chan Richard W. & Tseng Thomas N. (1994). *Aust. Dent. J.* **39**(3):137-149.

Seminar 4.3.4 : Precision attachments

 A review of attachments for removable partial denture design: Part I. Classification and selection. Burns D.R. and Ward J.E. (1990). Int. J. Prosthodont. 3(1):98-102.

Seminars 4.3.5-7: R.P.D. design and treatment planning

Practical sessions on design and treatment planning. Students advised to review the reading material recommended for the 2nd year course.



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