

CLINICAL REPORT
OF THE
TSAN YUK HOSPITAL
FOR THE YEAR
1972



ISSUED BY THE
DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

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Consultant Dermatologist & Venereologist:

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Prof. J. B. Gibson, M.D.(Edin. & Western Reserve); F.R.C.P. (Edin.); F.C. Path.; M.C. Path. (Austral.)

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MEDICAL STAFF OF THE TSAN YUK HOSPITAL
(Continued)

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Sister Mary Aquinas, M.B., B.Ch.(N.U.I.).

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P. M. Yap, M.A.; M.D. (Contab.); F.R.C.P. (Edin.); B.Chir.(Camb.); M.R.C.S.(Eng.);
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Consultant Radiologist:

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Prof. G. B. Ong, O.B.E., M.D.(Shanghai); M.B.,B.S.(H.K.);
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R. Yiu, M.B.,B.S.(H.K.); F.R.C.S. (Eng.).

ABBREVIATIONS

TABLE OF COMPARATIVE STATISTICS, 1963-1972

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Adult patients admitted
Patients delivered in hospital
Primiparae
Multiparae
Patients admitted after delivery
Patients discharged undelivered
Pre-eclampsia
Eclampsia
Total patients delivered
Abortion
Patients transferred
Placenta praevia
Postpartum haemorrhage
Contracted pelvis
Vacuum extraction
Vacuum extraction rate per cent
Forces delivery
Forceps delivery rate per cent
Caesarean section
Caesarean section rate per cent
Maternal deaths
Maternal death rate (per 1,000 cases admitted) (per 1,000 cases delivered)
Infants born in hospital
Infants born before admission
Total infants born
Infants transferred
Stillbirths (including macerated foetuses)
Stillbirth rate (per 1,000 live and stillbirths)
Neo-natal deaths
Neo-natal death rate (per 1,000 live births)
Perinatal deaths
Perinatal death rate (per 1,000 live & stillbirths)
Corrected perinatal mortality rate (excluding non-booked cases with I.U.D. on admission)
Corrected perinatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live and stillbirths)

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

* There were 50 sets of twins and 1 set of triplets.

[†] Including 11 B.B.A. babies not admitted.

⁸ Excluding 11 B.B.A. babies not admitted.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY (Continued)

Stillbirth rate (per 1,000 live and stillbirths)

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9.53
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.67
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37.04

Neonatal deaths

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22

Neonatal death rate (per 1,000 live births)

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10.91
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8.12
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38.46

Perinatal deaths

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43

Perinatal death rate (per 1,000 live and stillbirths)

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.02
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.56
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.39

* Corrected perinatal mortality (excluding non-booked cases with I.U.D. on admission)

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	123
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40

* Corrected perinatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live and stillbirths)

Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19.54
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.56
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67.34

Antenatal Clinic:—

Total visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37,319
New patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,705
Re-attendances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,614

Postnatal Clinic:—

Total visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,947
New patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,694
Re-attendances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	253

* 3 non-booked cases had Intrauterine Death on admission.

TABLE 1

ASSOCIATED DISEASES

ANAEMIA

Total No. of cases ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,160
Booked ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,060
Non-booked ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
Primiparae ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	499
Multiparae ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	661
Incidence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.55%

Type of anaemia:—

1. Iron deficiency	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	403
2. Thalassaemia major	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
3. Thalassaemia minor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
4. Other haemoglobinopathy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
5. Other haemolytic anaemia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
6. Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94
7. Unknown	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	631

URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS (Antenatal)

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.23%

AGE GROUP:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	No. of babies	S. B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
20 & under ...	14	18.18	14	—	1	1
21 — 25 ...	39	50.65	39	2	—	2
26 — 30 ...	11	14.29	11	—	—	—
31 — 35 ...	6	7.79	6	—	—	—
36 — 40 ...	5	6.49	5	—	—	—
41 & over ...	2	2.60	2	—	—	—
Total ...	77	100.00	77	2	1	3

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	No. of babies	S. B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Para 0 ...	45	58.44	45	2	1	3
Para 1 ...	11	14.29	11	—	—	—
Para 2 & over ...	21	27.27	21	—	—	—
Total ...	77	100.00	77	2	1	3

TABLE 1 (Continued)
ACTIVE PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS

THYROTOXICOSIS

TABLE 1 (Continued)

DIABETES MELLITUS

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Primiparae	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Multiparae	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Incidence...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13%
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
N. N. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (12.50%)
P. N. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (12.50%)

AGE GROUP.—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S. B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
20 & under	—	—	—	—	—
21 — 25	1	12.50	—	1	—
26 — 30	5	62.50	—	5	—
31 — 35	1	12.50	—	1	—
36 — 40	—	—	—	—	—
41 & over	1	12.50	—	1	—
Total	8	100.00	—	8	—
						1	1

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	...	2	25.00	—	2	—	—	—
Para 1	...	...	2	25.00	—	2	—	1	1
Para 2 & over	...	...	4	50.00	—	4	—	—	—
Total	...	...	8	100.00	—	8	—	1	1

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Spontaneous	...	...	1	12.50	—	1	—	—	—
Vacuum Extraction	...	...	3	37.50	—	3	—	—	—
Low forceps	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
L. S. C. S.	...	...	4	50.00	—	4	—	1	1
Total	...	...	8	100.00	—	8	—	1	1

TABLE 2

ABORTION

TABLE 3

CARDIAC DISEASE

ANATOMICAL LESIONS:-

CARDIAC DISEASE (Continued)

AGE GROUP:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
20 & under ...	4	6.15	—	4	1	—	1
21 — 25	24	36.92	—	24	—	—	—
26 — 30	22	33.85	—	22	—	—	—
31 — 35	8	12.31	—	8	—	—	—
36 — 40	5	7.69	—	5	—	—	—
41 & over	2	3.08	—	2	—	—	—
Total	65	100.00	—	65	1	—	1

PARITY:—

Para 0	26	40.00	—	26	1	—	1
Para 1	15	23.08	—	15	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	24	36.92	—	24	—	—	—
Total	65	100.00	—	65	1	—	1

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Spontaneous...	21	32.31	—	21	—	—	—
Vacuum extraction	27	41.54	—	27	—	—	—
Forceps	5	7.69	—	5	1	—	1
Assisted breech	1	1.54	—	1	—	—	—
L. S. C. S.	11	16.92	—	11	—	—	—
Total	65	100.00	—	65	1	—	1

FUNCTIONAL GRADING:—

	No. of cases
Class I	32
Class II	27
Class III	3
Class IV	8
Deterioration during pregnancy	4
Post-valvotomy	1

TABLE 4

TOXAEMIA OF PREGNANCY

Total No. of cases	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	758
Incidence	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	12.12%
Total No. of babies	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	769*
Multiple pregnancies	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	13
Maternal deaths	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	1 (0.13%)
S.B.	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	14 (1.82%)
N.N.D.	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	12 (1.59%)
P.N.D.	... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...	26 (3.38%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of babies	Per-centage	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	669	88.26	—	671	12	8	20
Non-booked	89	11.74	1	98	2	4	6
Total	758	100.00	1	769	14	12	26

Type of Toxaemia:—

	No. of cases	Percentage among toxaemia
Pre-eclampsia	120	15.83
Eclampsia	2	0.26
Unclassified toxæmia 'A'	544	71.77
Unclassified toxæmia 'B'	53	7.00
Recurrent toxæmia	33	4.35
Essential hypertension	6	0.79
Chronic nephritis	0	—

Definition:—

Pre-eclampsia— B.P. over 135/85 mm.Hg. with oedema and/or proteinuria when B.P. in early pregnancy is known to be normal.

Unclassified toxæmia — all cases booked after 20th week of pregnancy and in whom the normal blood pressure is unknown.

Group 'A'— when the B.P. on discharge is normal.

Group 'B' — when the B.P. on discharge is more than 135/85 mm Hg.

* There were 2 B.B.A. babies not admitted.

TABLE 5

PRE-ECLAMPSIA

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120
Mild	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	111
Severe	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Incidence:—Overall														
Among toxæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.83%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 (2.46%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 (1.68%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 (4.10%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED.—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.		
Booked	117	97.50	—	119	3	1	4
Non-booked	3	2.50	—	3	—	1	1
Total	120	100.00	—	122	3	2	5

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	...	13	10.83	—	13	—	1	1
21 — 25	...	...	62	51.67	—	62	2	1	3
26 — 30	...	...	20	16.67	—	22	—	—	—
31 — 35	...	...	15	12.50	—	15	—	—	—
36 — 40	...	...	7	5.83	—	7	—	—	—
41 & over	...	...	3	2.50	—	3	1	—	1
Total	...	...	120	100.00	—	122	3	2	5

PRE - ECLAMPSIA (Continued)

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Para 0	... ... 98	81.66	—	100	3	1	4
Para 1	... ... 8	6.67	—	8	—	1	1
Para 2 & over...	... 14	11.67	—	14	—	—	—
Total	... 120	100.00	—	122	3	2	5

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Spontaneous	... ... 63	52.50	—	65	2	2	4
Vacuum extraction	... 29	24.17	—	29	—	—	—
Forceps	... ... ... 2	1.67	—	2	—	—	—
Breech	... ... ... 1	0.83	—	1	1	—	1
Caesarean section	... 25	20.83	—	25	—	—	—
Total	... 120	100.00	—	122	3	2	5

CLASSIFICATION:—

Mild — B.P. up to 160/100 mm. Hg.

Severe — B.P. more than 160/100 mm. Hg.

PRE-ECLAMPSIA (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY & FOETAL LOSS

				Mild						Severe				
				Total		No. of babies		S. B.		N.N.D.		P.N.D.		
				No. of babies	S. B.	N.N.D.								
PRIMIPARAEE														
(A) Spontaneous labour														
(1) Spont. vertex delivery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2) Spont. breech delivery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(3) Vacuum extraction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(4) Forceps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(5) Assisted breech delivery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(6) C.S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
MULTIPARAE														
(A) Spontaneous labour														
(1) Spont. vertex delivery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2) Vacuum extraction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(3) Forceps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(4) Assisted breech delivery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(5) C.S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL														

	113	2	1	3	9	1	1	2						

PRE-ECLAMPSIA (Continued)

BIRTH WEIGHT & FOETAL LOSS:—

	<i>Birth weight (grams)</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
(A) Spontaneous labour	67	2	1	3
Under 1,500	...	2	1	1	2
1,501 — 2,000	...	1	—	—	—
2,001 — 2,500	...	10	1	—	1
2,501 — 3,000	...	25	—	—	—
3,001 — 3,500	...	21	—	—	—
3,501 — 4,000	...	6	—	—	—
4,001 & over	...	2	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour	55	1	1	2
Under 1,500	...	1	—	—	—
1,501 — 2,000	...	2	1	—	1
2,001 — 2,500	...	6	—	1	1
2,501 — 3,000	...	21	—	—	—
3,001 — 3,500	...	15	—	—	—
3,501 — 4,000	...	9	—	—	—
4,001 & over	...	1	—	—	—
Total	122	3	2	5

INDICATIONS FOR C.S.:— (There may be more than 1 indication in 1 case)

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Contracted pelvis	6
C-P disproportion	1
Toxaemia	23
Foetal distress	8
Maternal distress	1
Previous L.S.C.S.	2
Uterine dysfunction	9
Elderly primigravidae	4
Malpresentations: Breech	5
P.O.P.	7
Unfavourable pelvis	2
Failed induction of labour	5
Failed trial of labour	2
Failed trial of vacuum extraction	1

TABLE 6

ECLAMPSIA

TABLE 7

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'A'

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	544
Incidence.—Overall	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8.70%
Among toxæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71.77%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	553*
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10(1.81%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7(1.29%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17(3.07%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	473	86.95	—	475	8	4	12
Non-booked	...	71	13.05	—	78	2	3	5
Total	...	544	100.00	—	553	10	7	17

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	73	13.42	—	73	2	3	5
21 — 25	...	188	34.56	—	191	1	1	2
26 — 30	...	119	21.87	—	122	4	3	7
31 — 35	...	67	12.32	—	68	—	—	—
36 — 40	...	68	12.50	—	70	2	—	2
41 & over	...	29	5.33	—	29	1	—	1
Total	...	544	100.00	—	553	10	7	17

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	295	54.23	—	298	7	5	12
Para 1	...	67	12.32	—	68	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	...	182	33.45	—	187	3	2	5
Total	...	544	100.00	—	553	10	7	17

* There were 2 B.B.A. babies not admitted.

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'A' (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL LOSS:-

<i>Method of delivery</i>	<i>Booked</i>			<i>Non-booked</i>			
	<i>No. of Babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>NN.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>	<i>No. of Babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>NN.D.</i>
PRIMIPARAE							
(A) Spontaneous labour ... 187	3	3	6	16	—	1	1
(1) Spont vertex delivery 67	2	1	3	6	—	—	—
(2) Vacuum extraction ... 33	—	—	—	7	—	1	1
(3) Forceps 6	—	1	1	1	—	—	—
(4) Breech delivery ... 3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
(5) C.S. 28	1	1	2	1	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour ... 134	4	1	5	11	—	—	—
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 65	2	—	2	4	—	—	—
(2) Vacuum extraction ... 32	1	1	2	1	—	—	—
(3) Forceps 2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
(4) Breech delivery ... 2	1	—	1	1	—	—	—
(5) C.S. 33	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Total... 271	7	4	11	27	—	1	1
MULTIPARAE							
(A) Spontaneous labour ... 117	1	—	1	20	—	2	2
(1) Spont vertex delivery 76	—	—	—	13	—	1	1
(2) Vacuum extraction ... 6	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
(3) Forceps 3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
(4) Breech delivery... ... 5	—	—	—	1	—	1	1
(5) C.S. 27	1	—	1	3	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour... ... 87	1	—	1	31	1	—	1
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 67	—	—	—	23	1	—	1
(2) Vacuum extraction ... 4	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
(3) Forceps —	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
(4) Breech delivery ... 4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
(5) C.S. 12	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Total 204	2	—	2	51	1	2	3
GRAND TOTAL 475	9	4	13	78	1	3	4

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'A' (Continued)

BIRTH WEIGHT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Birth weight (grams.)		No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
(A) Spontaneous labour...	... ... ... ... ...	290	3	6	9
Under 1,500	...	4	—	3	3
1,501—2,000	...	11	1	2	3
2,001—2,500	...	39	—	—	—
2,501—3,000	...	118	—	—	—
3,001—3,500	...	86	1	—	1
3,501—4,000	...	25	—	1	1
4,001 & over	...	7	1	—	1
(B) Induced labour	... ... ... ... ...	263	7	1	8
Under 1,500	...	2	2	—	2
1,501—2,000	...	7	3	—	3
2,001—2,500	...	41	1	—	1
2,501—3,000	...	112	1	1	2
3,001—3,500	...	80	—	—	—
3,501—4,000	...	16	—	—	—
4,001 & over	...	5	—	—	—
Total	... ... ... ... ...	553	10	7	17

INDICATIONS FOR C.S.:— (There may be more than 1 indication in 1 case)

	No. of cases
Contracted pelvis	22
C-P disproportion	3
Unfavourable pelvis	10
Toxaemia	88
Foetal distress	28
Maternal distress	3
Previous C.S.	24
Placenta praevia	5
Accidental haemorrhage	2
Uterine inertia	12
Failed induction	20
Failed trial of labour	11
Prolapse of cord	3
Elderly primigravidae	11
Malpresentations: Breech	30
Compound	1
Transverse lie	1
Face	1
A.P.H. of unknown origin	2
Prolonged 1st stags	2
Failed trial of V.E.	3
Tumour associated with pregnancy	1
Other medical disease	1
Other indications	24

TABLE 8

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'B'

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53
Incidence:—Overall	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.85%
Among toxæmia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7.00%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (1.82%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	— (— %)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (1.82%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	41	81.13	—	41	1	—	1
Non-booked	...	12	18.87	—	12	—	—	—
Total	...	53	100.00	—	53	1	—	1

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	4	7.55	—	4	—	—	—
21 — 25	...	15	28.30	—	15	1	—	1
26 — 30	...	9	16.98	—	9	—	—	—
31 — 35	...	13	24.53	—	13	—	—	—
36 — 40	...	8	15.09	—	8	—	—	—
41 & over	...	4	7.55	—	4	—	—	—
Total	...	53	100.00	—	53	1	—	1

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	25	47.17	—	25	1	—	1
Para 1	...	3	5.66	—	3	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	...	25	47.17	—	25	—	—	—
Total	...	53	100.00	—	53	1	—	1

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'B' (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Method of delivery	Booked				Non-booked			
	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
PRIMIPARAE								
(A) Spontaneous labour ... 13	1	—	1	3	—	—	—	—
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 5	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—
(2) Vacuum extraction... 3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
(3) Forceps 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(4) C.S. 4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour 8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(2) Vacuum extraction ... 1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
(3) C.S. 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total 21	1	—	1	4	—	—	—	—
MULTIPARAE								
(A) Spontaneous labour ... 16	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 12	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
(2) Forceps 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(3) Breech delivery ... —	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
(4) C.S. 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour 4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
(1) Spont. vertex delivery 3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
(2) C.S. 1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Total 20	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
GRAND TOTAL 41	1	—	1	12	—	—	—	—

UNCLASSIFIED TOXAEMIA 'B' (Continued)

BIRTH WEIGHT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

	<i>Birth weight (grams)</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
(A) Spontaneous labour	38	1	—	1
Under 1,500	...	—	—	—	—
1,501—2,000	...	5	—	—	—
2,001—2,500	...	8	1	—	1
2,501—3,000	...	10	—	—	—
3,001—3,500	...	12	—	—	—
3,501—4,000	...	3	—	—	—
4,001 & over	...	—	—	—	—
(B) Induced labour	15	—	—	—
Under 1,500	...	—	—	—	—
1,501—2,000	...	1	—	—	—
2,001—2,500	...	4	—	—	—
2,501—3,000	...	8	—	—	—
3,001—3,500	...	2	—	—	—
3,501—4,000	...	—	—	—	—
4,001 & over	...	—	—	—	—
Total	53	1	—	1

INDICATIONS FOR C.S.:— (There may be more than 1 indication in 1 case)

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Toxaemia	11
Foetal distress	2
Maternal distress	1
Uterine inertia	1
Contracted pelvis	1
Unfavourable pelvis	3
Previous C.S.	1
Breech presentation	3
Prolonged 1st stage	1
Failed induction of labour	2

TABLE 9
RECURRENT TOXAEMIA

Total No. of cases ...	33
Booked ...	30
Non-booked ...	3
Incidence.—Overall ...	0.53%
Among toxæmia	4.35%
Total No. of babies	33
Multiple pregnancies	—
Maternal deaths	—
S.B.	—
N.N.D.	2 (6.06 %)
P.N.D.	2 (6.06 %)

TABLE 10
ESSENTIAL HYPERTENSION

Total No. of cases ...	6
Booked ...	6
Non-booked ...	—
Primiparae ...	2
Multiparae ...	4
Incidence:—Overall...	0.10%
Among toxæmia	0.79%
Total No. of babies	6
Multiple pregnancies	—
Maternal deaths	—
S.B.	—
N.N.D.	1 (16.67 %)
P.N.D.	1 (16.67 %)

TABLE 11
CHRONIC NEPHRITIS

N I L

TABLE 12

PERSISTENT POSTERIOR POSITION OF THE OCCIPUT AND TRANSVERSE ARREST

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	355	92.45	—	355	—	2	2
Non-booked	29	7.55	1	30	1	1	2
Total	384	100.00	1	385	1	3	4

SUMMARY OF LABOUR:—

No. of cases
Labour lasting more than 24 hours 1

METHOD OF DELIVERY.—

Spontaneous delivery (face to pubis)	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
Vacuum extraction	...	...	...	...	...	...	119
Forceps	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
Manual rotation and mid-forceps	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Caesarean section	...	...	...	...	...	...	220
<hr/>							
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	385

* In the 6 sets of twin pregnancies, there was only 1 set of twins in which the presentations of both twins were P.O.T. or P.O.P.

BREECH DELIVERIES (Continued)

COMPLICATED BREECH DELIVERIES

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	136
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24*
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	139
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (0.74%)
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 (7.19%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 (6.20%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 (12.95%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	110	80.88	1	113	10	4	14
Non-booked	...	26	19.12	—	26	—	4	4
Total	..	136	100.00	1	139	10	8	18

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL RESULT:—

	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Spontaneous	...	8	4	2	6
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	...	28	—	3	3
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	...	22	4	1	5
Breech extraction	...	1	—	—	—
C.S.	...	80	2	2	4
Total	..	139	10	8	18

Caesarean section rate 57.55%

ASSOCIATED COMPLICATIONS:— (More than 1 complication may be present in a case)

	No. of cases	
Prematurity	...	60
Contracted pelvis	...	24
Prolonged leaking	...	1
Toxaemia	...	44
Prolapse of cord	...	3
Multiple abnormalities of baby	...	2
Multiple pregnancy	...	24
Placenta praevia	...	8
Uterine dysfunction	...	1
A.P.H. of unknown origin	...	3
Accidental haemorrhage	...	3
Total	..	173

* In the 23 sets of twins and 1 set of triplets, there were only 27 babies in breech presentations.

TABLE 14

TRANSVERSE AND OBLIQUE LIE
(in labour)

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
Nonbooked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.21%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3*
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2(14.29%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2(16.67%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4(28.57%)

MANAGEMENT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

<i>Method of delivery</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
Spontaneous expulsion	...	2	2	—
Vacuum extraction (after external version in labour)	...	1	—	—
Assisted breech delivery (after external version in labour)	...	1	—	—
Internal version and breech extraction	...	1	—	—
L.S.C.S.	...	6	—	2
C.C.S.	...	3	—	—
Total	...	14	2	2
				4

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS AND FOETAL LOSS:— (More than 1 associated condition may be present in 1 case)

<i>Associated conditions</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
Multiple pregnancy	...	3	—	1
Prematurity	...	7	2	—
Placenta praevia	...	4	—	1
A.P.H. of unknown origin	...	1	—	—
Toxaemia	...	1	—	—

* Only 4 babies out of the 3 sets of twins were in transverse or oblique lie.

TABLE 15

FACE AND BROW PRESENTATION

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Nonbooked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.18%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Foetal loss	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—

MANAGEMENT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

<i>Method of delivery</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
Spontaneous	...	4	—	—
C.S.	...	7	—	—
Total	11	—	—

TABLE 16

COMPOUND PRESENTATION

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Nonbooked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03%
Foetal loss	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—

MANAGEMENT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

<i>Method of delivery</i>	<i>No. of babies</i>	<i>S.B.</i>	<i>N.N.D.</i>	<i>P.N.D.</i>
Spontaneous	...	1	—	—
L.S.C.S....	...	1	—	—
Total	2	—	—

ASSOCIATED CONDITIONS:—

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Contracted pelvis	...
Prematurity	...

1

1

TABLE 17

PROLAPSE AND PRESENTATION OF CORD

Total No. of cases ...	14
Incidence ...	0.22%
Total No. of babies ...	14
Multiple pregnancies ...	1*
Maternal deaths ...	—
S.B.	—
N.N.D.	1 (6.25%)
P.N.D.	1 (6.25%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per centage	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked ...	9	64.29	—	9	—	—	—
Non-booked ...	5	35.71	—	5	—	1	1
Total ...	14	100.00	—	14	—	1	1

PRESENTATION AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Presentation	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Vertex ...	9	—	—	—
Breech ...	4	—	1	1
Compound ...	1	—	—	—
Total ...	14	—	1	1

MANAGEMENT AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Method of delivery	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous ...	1	—	—	—
Vacuum extraction ...	1	—	—	—
Low forceps... ...	1	—	—	—
Assisted breech ...	1	—	—	—
L.S.C.S.	9	—	—	—
C.C.S.	1	—	1	1
Total ...	14	—	1	1

* Only 1 baby had prolapse of cord.

TABLE 18
HYDRAMNIOS

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2(100.00%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2(100.00%)

TABLE 19
PROLONGED LABOUR

Labour lasting		Primipara-24 hours or more	Multipara-18 hours or more
Total No. of cases
Booked	3
Nonbooked	3
Primiparae	5
Multiparae	1
Incidence	0.10%
Total No. of babies	6
Maternal deaths	—
Foetal loss	—

AGE GROUP AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Age group (years)	No. of cases	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
20 & under	...	—	—	—
21 — 25	...	—	—	—
26 — 30	...	—	—	—
31 — 35	...	—	—	—
36 & over	...	—	—	—
Total	...	—	—	—
	6	—	—	—

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Method of delivery	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	...	—	—	—
Vacuum extraction	...	—	—	—
Total	...	—	—	—
	6	—	—	—

DURATION OF LABOUR AND OUTCOME:—

Duration of labour (hours)	No. of cases	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
> 18	...	—	—	—
> 24	...	—	—	—
Total	...	—	—	—
	6	—	—	—

TABLE 20

LABOUR FOLLOWING PREVIOUS CAESAREAN SECTION

Total No. of cases ...	109
Total No. of babies ...	109
Multiple pregnancies	—
Maternal deaths ...	—
S.B.	2 (1.83%)
N.N.D.	1 (0.93%)
P.N.D.	3 (2.75%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked ...	107	98.17	—	107	2	1	3
Non-booked ...	2	1.83	—	2	—	—	—
Total ...	109	100.00	—	109	2	1	3

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous ...	45	1	1	2
Vacuum extraction	32	—	—	—
Forceps ...	4	—	—	—
Assisted breech	2	1	—	1
C.S.	26	—	—	—
Total ...	109	2	1	3

TABLE 21

INDUCTION OF LABOUR

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	699
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11.18%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	717
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 (3.49%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 (0.58%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29 (4.04%)
Success rate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88.70%

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	590	84.41	—	601	14	3	17
Non-booked	...	109	15.59	1	116	11	1	12
Total	...	699	100.00	1	717	25	4	29

INDICATIONS:— (There may be more than 1 indication in 1 case)

	No. of cases	
Postmaturity	...	198
Toxaemia of pregnancy	...	325
Accidental haemorrhage	...	3
Intrauterine death	...	21
Prolonged rupture of membranes	...	98
A.P.H. of unknown origin	...	27
A.P.H. (Others)	...	8
Elderly primigravidae	...	19
Diabetes mellitus	...	1

INDUCTION OF LABOUR (Continued)

METHOD OF INDUCTION.—

Medical	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144 (20.60%)
Surgical	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	483 (69.10%)
Combined medical and surgical	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72 (10.30%)

MEDICAL INDUCTION

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.		
Para 0	88	61.11	1	8	1	9
Para 1	24	16.67	—	2	—	2
Para 2 & over	32	22.22	—	11	—	11
Total	144	100.00	1	21	1	22

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of babies	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.		
Spontaneous	79	51.97	1	19	1	20
Vacuum extraction	19	12.50	—	—	—	—
Forceps	2	1.32	—	1	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	6	3.95	—	1	—	1
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	5	3.29	—	—	—	—
C.S.	41	26.97	—	—	—	1
Total	152	100.00	1	21	1	22

SURGICAL INDUCTION

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.		
Para 0	262	54.24	—	—	1	1
Para 1	64	13.25	—	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	157	32.51	—	—	—	—
Total	483	100.00	—	—	1	1

INDUCTION OF LABOUR (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of babies	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	... ... ... 332	67.34	—	—	—	—
Vacuum extraction	... 68	13.79	—	—	1	1
Low forceps	... ... ... 9	1.83	—	—	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	... 3	0.61	—	—	—	—
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	... 1	0.20	—	—	—	—
L.S.C.S.	... ... ... ... 80	16.23	—	—	—	—
Total	... ... ... 493	100.00	—	—	1	1

COMBINED MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INDUCTION

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-centage	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Para 0	... ... ... ... 45	62.50	—	4	1	5
Para 1	... ... ... ... 7	9.72	—	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	... ... ... 20	27.78	—	—	1	1
Total	... ... ... 72	100.00	—	4	2	6

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of babies	Per-centage	Maternal deaths	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	... ... ... 33	45.83	—	2	—	2
Vacuum extraction	... 12	16.67	—	2	1	3
Low forceps	... ... ... 2	2.78	—	—	—	—
C.S.	... ... ... ... 25	34.72	—	—	1	1
Total	... ... ... 72	100.00	—	4	2	6

TABLE 22

VACUUM EXTRACTION

Total No. of cases	685
Incidence	10.95%
Total No. of babies	687
Multiple pregnancies	3*
Maternal deaths	—
S.B.	2 (0.29%)
N.N.D.	4 (0.58%)
P.N.D.	6 (0.87%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	625	91.24	—	627	2	3	5
Non-booked	60	8.76	—	60	—	1	1
Total	685	100.00	—	687	2	4	6

PARITY:—

Para 0	535	78.10	—	535	2	4	6
Para 1	79	11.53	—	79	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	71	10.37	—	73	—	—	—
Total	685	100.00	—	687	2	4	6

INDICATIONS:—(More than 1 indication may be present in 1 case)

	No. of cases
Prolonged second stage	303
Foetal distress	116
P.O.P. or P.O.T.	119
Toxaemia	109
Contracted pelvis	9
Previous C.S.	32
A.P.H.	3
Elderly primigravidae...	1
Maternal distress...	27
Uterine inertia	77
Prolapse of cord	1
Both maternal and foetal distress	6
Pulmonary tuberculosis	6
Cardiac disease	27
Diabetes mellitus...	3
Other medical diseases	5

* In the 3 sets of twins pregnancies, only 2 sets of twins were both delivered by vacuum extraction.

TABLE 23

FORCEPS DELIVERY

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	233
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.73%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	239
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21*
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3(1.26%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13(5.51%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16(6.69%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	188	80.69	—	192	2	7	9
Non-booked	...	45	19.31	—	47	1	6	7
Total	...	233	100.00	—	239	3	13	16

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	137	58.80	—	140	1	5	6
Para 1	...	45	19.31	—	46	1	5	6
Para 2 & over	...	51	21.89	—	53	1	3	4
Total	...	233	100.00	—	239	3	13	16

TYPE OF FORCEPS AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Type of forceps	Foetal loss	Primiparae			Multiparae				
		No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Low forceps	...	99	1	5	6	47	2	4	6
Manual rotation & mid forceps	...	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H....	40	—	—	—	—	52	—	4	4
Total	...	140	1	5	6	99	2	8	10

INDICATIONS:— (More than 1 indication may be present in 1 case)

	No. of babies
Foetal distress	20
Maternal distress	1
Prematurity	65
Toxaemia	6
Prolonged second stage	15
Both maternal and foetal distress	5
Failed trial of V.E.	7
Previous L.S.C.S.	5
Accidental haemorrhage	1
P.O.P. or P.O.T.	7
Breech presentation	89
Elderly primigravidae	1
Contracted pelvis	2
Prolapse of cord	2
Uterine inertia	9
Cardiac disease	2
Other medical diseases	2

* Among the 20 sets of twins and 1 set of triplets, only 27 babies were delivered by forceps.

TABLE 24
VERSION IN LABOUR

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Booked	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Non-booked	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—
Incidence	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.03 %
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2*
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Foetal loss	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Vacuum extraction	...	1	50.00	—	1	—	—
Assisted breech delivery	1	50.00	—	1	—	—	—
Total	...	2	100.00	—	2	—	—

INDICATIONS FOR VERSION:—

	No. of cases
Transverse lie	2

* Only 2 babies in the 2 sets of twins had version in labour.

TABLE 25
CAESAREAN SECTION

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	693
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11.08%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	700
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (0.14%)
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 (0.57%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 (1.87%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 (2.29%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	627	90.48	1	634	3	11	13
Non-booked	...	66	9.52	—	66	1	2	3
Total	...	693	100.00	1	700	4	13	16

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	60	8.66	—	61	2	1	3
21 — 25	...	248	35.79	1	250	—	2	2
26 — 30	...	165	23.81	—	168	1	4	4
31 — 35	...	113	16.30	—	114	—	4	4
36 — 40	...	79	11.40	—	79	1	2	3
41 & over	...	28	4.04	—	28	—	—	—
Total	...	693	100.00	1	700	4	13	16

PARITY:—

Para 0	..	331	47.76	—	336	2	2	4
Para 1	..	187	26.99	—	188	—	2	2
Para 2 & over	..	175	25.25	1	176	2	9	10
Total	...	693	100.00	1	700	4	13	16

CAESAREAN SECTION (Continued)

INDICATIONS:—(More than 1 indication may be present in 1 case)

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Unfavourable pelvis	58
Contracted pelvis	145
Foetal distress	64
Malpositions: P.O.P. or P.O.T.	105
Malpresentations: Breech	117
Face and brow	7
Transverse lie	9
Compound	1
Toxaemia of pregnancy	69
Placenta praevia	54
A.P.H. of unknown origin	5
Accidental haemorrhage	11
Elderly primigravidae	27
Uterine dysfunction	61
C-P disproportion	49
Previous C.S.	209
Prolapse of cord	11
Tumours associated with pregnancy	1
Failed vacuum extraction	6
Failed trial of forceps	2
Failed trial of vacuum and/or forceps	1
Failed induction...	78
Maternal distress	10
Both foetal and maternal distress	1
Diabetes mellitus	4
Other medical diseases	4

FOETAL COMPLICATIONS:—

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Neonatal jaundice	39
Congenital abnormality	23
Neonatal infection	78
Respiratory distress syndrome	8
Birth trauma	3
Prematurity...	86
Other neonatal disease	20

TABLE 26
RUPTURE OF UTERUS

Total No. of cases	1*
Incidence	0.02%
Maternal death	1

(Please see summary of maternal deaths)

* Patient died undelivered.

TABLE 27
CONTRACTED PELVIS

Total No. of cases	241
Incidence	3.85%
Total No. of babies	242
Multiple pregnancies...	1
Maternal deaths	—
S.B....	2 (0.83%)
N.N.D.	3 (1.25%)
P.N.D.	5 (2.07%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	226	93.78	—	227	2	3	5
Non-booked	15	6.22	—	15	—	—	—
Total	241	100.00	—	242	2	3	5

PARITY:—

Para 0	105	43.57	—	106	—	1	1
Para 1	77	31.95	—	76	1	—	1
Para 2 & over	59	24.48	—	60	1	2	3
Total	241	100.00	—	242	2	3	5

TYPE OF PELVIS:—

	No. of case
Gynaecoid	36
Platypelloid	28
Anthropoid	—
Android...	—
Mixed	—
Other deformed pelvis	3
Unknown	174

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Method of delivery	Primiparae			Multiparae				
	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	21	—	—	—	41	1	—	1
Vacuum extraction	24	—	1	1	6	—	—	—
Low Forceps	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	1
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	1
L.S.C.S.	57	—	—	—	82	—	1	1
C.C.S.	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Total	106	—	1	1	136	2	2	4

TABLE 28

ANTEPARTUM HAEMORRHAGE

Total No. of cases	207
Incidence	3.31%
Total No. of babies	210
Multiple pregnancies	3
Maternal deaths...	1 (0.48%)
S.B.	8 (3.81%)
N.N.D.	16 (7.92%)
P.N.D.	24 (11.43%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	156	75.36	1	158	5	7	12
Non-booked...	51	24.64	—	52	3	9	12
Total	207	100.00	1	210	8	16	24

PARITY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Para 0	85	41.06	1	86	3	5	8
Para 1	46	22.22	—	48	1	7	8
Para 2 & over	76	36.72	—	76	4	4	8
Total	207	100.00	1	210	8	16	24

TYPE OF A.P.H.:—

Accidental haemorrhage	31 (14.97%)
Placenta praevia	57 (27.54%)
A.P.H. of unknown origin	86 (41.55%)
A.P.H. due to extra-placental causes	33 (15.94%)

TABLE 29

ACCIDENTAL ANTEPARTUM HAEMORRHAGE

Total No. of cases ...	31
Incidence.—Overall ...	0.50%
Among A.P.H. ...	14.97%
Total No. of babies ...	32
Multiple pregnancies ...	1
Maternal deaths ...	—
S.B. ...	3 (9.38%)
N.N.D. ...	6 (20.69%)
P.N.D. ...	9 (28.12%)

CAUSES:—

Toxaemia ...	3
Unknown ...	28

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked ...	20	64.52	—	20	2	3	5
Non-booked ...	11	35.48	—	12	1	3	4
Total ...	31	100.00	—	32	3	6	9

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under ...	4	12.90	—	4	—	2	2
21—25 ...	9	29.03	—	10	—	2	2
26—30 ...	9	29.03	—	9	1	1	2
31—35 ...	4	12.90	—	4	2	1	3
36—40 ...	5	16.14	—	5	—	—	—
41 & over ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total ...	31	100.00	—	32	3	6	9

PARITY:—

Para 0 ...	10	32.26	—	10	—	2	2
Para 1 ...	9	29.03	—	10	1	3	4
Para 2 & over ...	12	38.71	—	12	2	1	3
Total ...	31	100.00	—	32	3	6	9

ACCIDENTAL ANTEPARTUM HAEMORRHAGE (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of cases	Percentage	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous...	11	35.48	—	11	2	3	5
Vacuum extraction	1	3.23	—	1	—	—	—
Low forceps	5	16.13	—	5	1	2	3
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	2	6.45	—	2	—	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	1	3.23	—	1	—	1	1
L.S.C.S....	11	35.48	—	12	—	—	—
Total	31	100.00	—	32	3	6	9

MANAGEMENT:— (There may be more than one treatment in each case)

	No. of cases
Blood transfusion	4
Caesarean section without E.U.A. or E.N.A.	6
Caesarean section after E.U.A. or E.N.A.	5
E.U.A. or E.N.A.	3
E.U.A. or E.N.A. and A.R.M.	6
Nil	11

TABLE 30

PLACENTA PRAEVIA

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57
Incidence:—Overall	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.91%
Among A.P.H.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27.54%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 (3.39%)
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 (8.77%)
P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 (11.86%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.	
Booked	...	40	70.18	—	42	1	3	4
Non-booked	...	17	29.82	—	17	1	2	3
Total	...	57	100.00	—	59	2	5	7

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	...	6	10.53	—	6	1	1	2
21 — 25	...	...	20	35.09	—	21	—	1	1
26 — 30	...	...	12	21.05	—	13	1	1	2
31 — 35	...	...	14	24.56	—	14	—	2	2
36 — 40	...	...	3	5.26	—	3	—	—	—
41 & over	...	...	2	3.51	—	2	—	—	—
Total	...	...	57	100.00	—	59	2	5	7

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	...	20	35.09	—	21	1	2	3
Para 1	...	...	13	22.81	—	14	—	1	1
Para 2 & over	...	...	24	42.10	—	24	1	2	3
Total	...	...	57	100.00	—	59	2	5	7

PLACENTA PRAEVIA (Continued)

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	2	3.51	—	2	—	—	—
Vacuum extraction	1	1.75	—	1	—	—	—
L.S.C.S.	52	91.23	—	54	2	4	6
C.C.S.	2	3.51	—	2	—	1	1
Total	57	100.00	—	59	2	5	7

BLOOD LOSS AND FOETAL LOSS:—

Amount (ml.)	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
0 — 500 ml.	47	1	3	4
501 — 1,000 ml.	7	—	1	1
1,001 — 1,500 ml.	3	1	—	1
1,501 — 2,000 ml.	1	—	—	—
2,001 — 2,500 ml.	1	—	1	1
2,501 & over	—	—	—	—
Total	59	2	5	7

TREATMENT:— (There may be more than one treatment in each case)

	No. of cases
E.U.A. or E.N.A.	2
E.U.A. or E.N.A. and A.R.M.	2
C.S. after E.U.A. or E.N.A.	19
C.S. without E.U.A. or E.N.A.	32
Blood transfusion	13

TABLE 31

A.P.H. OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN

Total No. of cases	86
Incidence:—Overall	1.38%
Among A.P.H.	41.55%
Total No. of babies	86
Multiple pregnancies	—
Maternal deaths	1 (1.16%)
S.B.	1 (1.16%)
N.N.D.	5 (5.88%)
P.N.D.	6 (6.98%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked	69	80.23	1	69	1	1	2
Non-booked	17	19.77	—	17	—	4	4
Total	86	100.00	1	86	1	5	6

PARITY:—

Para 0	36	41.86	1	36	—	1	1
Para 1	18	20.93	—	18	—	3	3
Para 2 & over	32	37.21	—	32	1	1	2
Total	86	100.00	1	86	1	5	6

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Spontaneous...	63	73.26	—	63	—	4	4
Vacuum extraction ...	6	6.98	—	6	—	—	—
Low forceps...	4	4.65	—	4	—	1	1
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H....	1	1.16	—	1	—	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H....	1	1.16	—	1	1	—	1
L.S.C.S....	11	12.79	1	11	—	—	—
Total	86	100.00	1	86	1	5	6

TABLE 33

POSTPARTUM HAEMORRHAGE

Total No. of cases ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ...	84
Incidence ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ...	1.34%
Total No. of babies	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ...	84*
Multiple pregnancies	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ...	2
Maternal deaths	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ...	1 (1.19%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S. B.	N N D.	P N D.
Booked	65	77.38	—	65	—	1
Non-booked	19	22.62	1	19	—	—
Total	84	100.00	1	84	—	1

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under ...	... ... ...	9	10.72	—	9	—	—
21 — 25	... ... ...	37	44.05	—	37	—	—
26 — 30	... ... ...	23	27.38	—	23	—	1
31 — 35	... ... ...	8	9.52	—	8	—	—
36 — 40	... ... ...	6	7.14	1	6	—	—
41 & over	... ... ...	1	1.19	—	1	—	—
Total	... ... ...	84	100.00	1	84	—	1

PARITY:—

Para 0	... ... ...	37	44.05	—	37	—	—
Para 1	... ... ...	17	20.24	—	17	—	—
Para 2 & over	... ... ...	30	35.71	1	30	—	1
Total	... ... ...	84	100.00	1	84	—	1

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Spontaneous...	... ... ...	60	71.43	1	60	—	1
Vacuum extraction	... ...	13	15.48	—	13	—	—
Low Forceps	... ...	5	5.95	—	5	—	—
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H. ...	... ...	1	1.19	—	1	—	—
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H. ...	... ...	2	2.38	—	2	—	—
Caesarean section	... ...	3	3.57	—	3	—	—
Total ...	... ... ...	84	100.00	1	84	—	1

* 2 B.B.A. babies were not admitted.

POSTPARTUM HAEMORRHAGE

(Continued)

CAUSES (more than 1 cause may be responsible):—

	<i>Primiparae</i>	<i>Multiparae</i>	<i>Total</i>
Uterine atony	8	18	26
Genital tract infection	—	1	1
Retained products of conception ...	9	4	13
Hypofibrinogenaemia	1	—	1
Trauma to lower genital tract... ...	5	1	6
Retained placenta	4	11	15
Inversion of uterus	—	1	1
Subinvolution	8	6	14
Others	5	3	8
Total	40	45	85

AMOUNT OF BLOOD LOSS:—

<i>Millilitres</i>	<i>Primiparae</i>	<i>Multiparae</i>	<i>Total</i>
500 or less	29	20	49
501 — 1,000	8	22	30
1,001 — 1,500	—	1	1
1,501 — 2,000	—	2	2
2,001 — 2,500	—	2	2
2,501 & over	—	—	—
Total	37	47	84

TREATMENT (There may be more than one treatment in each case):—

	<i>Primiparae</i>	<i>Multiparae</i>	<i>Total</i>
Conservative (Ergometrine, Syntocinon drip)...	8	18	26
Blood transfusion	8	28	36
Repair of laceration	5	1	6
Manual removal of placenta or cotyledon	3	7	10
Evacuation of uterus	18	14	32
Hysterectomy	—	3	3
B.A.T.	1	4	5
Others	3	7	10

TABLE 34

MANUAL REMOVAL OF PLACENTA

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.45%
Total No. of babies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Maternal deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 (3.57%)

AGE GROUP:—

20 & under	...	...	...	1	3.57	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21 — 25	...	...	...	13	46.43	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
26 — 30	...	...	...	7	25.00	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31 — 35	...	...	...	4	14.29	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
36 — 40	...	...	...	3	10.71	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
41 & over	...	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	...	...	...	28	100.00	1	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PARITY:—

Para 0	...	...	...	10	35.71	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Para 1	...	...	...	6	21.43	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Para 2 & over	...	...	...	12	42.86	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	...	...	...	28	100.00	1	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

INDICATIONS

		Primiparae	Multiparae	Total
Retained placenta	5	5
Adherent placenta	3	11
Broken cord...	2	2
Total	10	18
				28

METHOD OF DELIVERY OF FOETUS:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Spontaneous	...	25	89.29	1	25	—	—
Vacuum extraction	...	2	7.14	—	2	—	—
Internal version and breech extraction	...	1	3.57	—	1	—	—
Total	...	28	100.00	1	28	—	—

Postpartum haemorrhage 7 cases (25.00%)

TABLE 35

**TUMOURS ASSOCIATED WITH PREGNANCY,
LABOUR OR PUERPERIUM**

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:-

	No. of cases	Per-cent-age	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S.B.	N.N.D.	P.N.D.
Booked ...	32	94.12	—	33	—	—	—
Non-booked...	2	5.88	—	2	—	—	—
Total ...	34	100.00	—	35	—	—	—

PARITY:—

Para 0 ...	20	58.82	—	21	—	—	—
Para 1 ...	5	14.71	—	5	—	—	—
Para 2 & over ...	9	26.47	—	9	—	—	—
Total ...	34	100.00	—	35	—	—	—

TYPE OF TUMOUR:-

METHOD OF DELIVERY:-

TABLE 36

MULTIPLE PREGNANCY

TWIN PREGNANCY

FOETAL MORTALITY:—

FOETAL MORTALITY.		<i>First Twin</i>	<i>Second Twin</i>	<i>Total</i>
S.B.	... ... ... ...	1	1	2 (2.00%)
N.N.D.	... ... ... ...	4	2	6 (6.12%)
P.N.D.	... ... ... ...	5	3	8 (8.00%)

BOOKED AND NON-BOOKED:—

	No. of cases	Per-cent	Maternal deaths	No. of babies	S. B.	NND.	PND.	
Booked	34	68.00	—	68	2	1	3
Non booked	16	32.00	—	32	—	5	5
Total	50	100.00	—	100	2	6	8

AGE GROUP.—

20 & under	...	...	4	8.00	—	8	—	—	—
21 — 25	...	...	13	26.00	—	26	1	2	3
26 — 30	...	...	17	34.00	—	34	1	2	3
31 — 35	...	...	8	16.00	—	16	—	2	2
36 — 40	...	...	6	12.00	—	12	—	—	—
41 & over	...	...	2	4.00	—	4	—	—	—
<hr/>									
Total	...	...	50	100.00	—	100	2	6	8

PARITY:-

Para 0	...	...	15	30.00	—	30	2	—	2
Para 1	...	...	8	16.00	—	16	—	2	2
Para 2 & over	...	...	27	54.00	—	54	—	4	4
Total	...	...	50	100.00	—	100	2	6	8

MULTIPLE PREGNANCY (Continued)

BIRTH WEIGHT AND FOETAL LOSS:-

Birth weight (grams)	Foetal loss	First Twin			Second Twin		
		No. of babies	Foetal loss	Per centage	No. of babies	Foetal loss	Per centage
Under 1,500	...	5	2	40.00	6	3	50.00
1,501 - 2,000	...	8	—	—	10	1	10.00
2,001 - 2,500	..	21	1	4.76	16	—	—
2,501 - 3,000	...	12	—	—	14	—	—
3,001 - 3,500	...	4	1	25.00	4	—	—
3,501 & over	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	...	50	4	8.00	50	4	8.00

METHOD OF DELIVERY AND FOETAL LOSS.—

Method of delivery	Foetal loss			First twin			Second twin		
	No. of babies	Foetal loss	Per-centage	No. of babies	Foetal loss	Per-centage			
Spontaneous	30	2	6.67	14	1	7.14
Vacuum extraction	2	—	—	3	—	—
Low forceps	9	1	11.11	7	—	—
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	2	1	50.00	18	2	11.11			
C.S.	7	—	—	8	1	12.50
Total	50	4	8.00	50	4	8.00

PRESENTATION:-

MULTIPLE PREGNANCY (Continued)

PRESENTATION AND FOETAL LOSS:-

Presentation	Foetal loss	First Twin			Second Twin		
		No. of babies	Foetal loss	Percentage	No. of babies	Foetal loss	Percentage
Vertex	41	3	7.32	26	1	3.85
Breech	8	1	12.50	21	2	9.52
Transverse lie	1	—	—	3	1	33.33
Total	50	4	8.00	50	4	8.00

INDICATIONS FOR C.S.:— (There may be more than 1 indication in 1 case)

MATERNAL COMPLICATIONS:— (More than one complication may be present in one case)

TABLE 37

PUERPERAL PYREXIA

Total No. of cases 228
 Incidence 3.65%

CAUSES (More than 1 cause may be present in each case):—

PUERPERAL PYREXIA (GENITAL)

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

TRIPLETS

Serial No. 3139/72 Age: 25 Gravida: 2 Para: 1

This patient was booked at the antenatal clinic at 22 weeks' maturity. Multiple pregnancy was diagnosed clinically at subsequent visits and confirmed to be triple pregnancy radiologically at 30 weeks' maturity. She was then admitted to hospital for rest.

Shs went into spontaneous labour at the maturity of 32 weeks and 5 days and a set of live female triplets were delivered. The first baby, weighing 1,460 gm. was delivered by low forceps. The second baby, weighing 2,000 gm. was delivered by assisted breech delivery with Burns-Marshall technique for the after-coming head. The third baby, weighing 1,200 gm. was delivered assisted breech delivery with low forceps for the after-coming head. The third stage and the puerperium were uneventful.

The first baby was discharged well 77 days after delivery weighing 3,280 gm.; the second baby 34 days after delivery weighing 2,260 gm.; the third baby 44 days after delivery weighing 2,260 gm.

The condition of the mother and that of the triplets at postnatal visit were satisfactory.

MATERNAL DEATHS

1. Booked case. Serial No. 5074/71 Age: 25 Gravida: 3 Para: 0

This patient had 2 abortions in the preceding year in other hospitals.

During this pregnancy there was vaginal bleeding when she was 2 months pregnant. She came to book at 20 weeks' maturity when she was found to have an arcuate uterus with single vagina and cervix.

She was admitted at 33 weeks' gestation because of vaginal brownish spotting, was treated conservatively and the bleeding never recurred. The foetus was in cephalic presentation. After exclusion of placenta praevia with soft tissue placentography, she was discharged.

She was readmitted at 37 weeks and 3 days in labour. The foetus was found to be in breech presentation with flexed legs. X-ray pelvimetry showed adequate pelvic measurements but a convergent type of pelvis.

Lower segment Caesarean section was done.

During the operation she was found to have a bicornuate uterus and the pregnancy occurred in the right side. A live female baby weighing 2,050 gm. was delivered. After delivery of the placenta, the patient had cardiac arrest. Immediate examination by the anaesthetist showed no obstruction of the airway or aspiration. External cardiac massage restarted the heart and the pulse was 150/min and the blood pressure 90/50. Hg. which gradually improved and respiration also returned to spontaneous regular rhythm. However, she remained unconscious, and developed fever and twitching of both upper limbs and fibrillation of facial muscles.

She was transferred to the Intensive Care Unit, Queen Mary Hospital the next morning. All vital functions were present but the patient never regained consciousness. She died 5 days after transfer.

The relatives refused autopsy.

Presumed cause of death: ? Amniotic liquor embolism.

2. Non-booked case. Serial No. 4498/72 Age: 41 Gravida: 5 Para: 3

This patient was referred from a maternity home with an alleged intrapartum eclamptic fit.

The patient's pregnancy was said to be uneventful and she went into labour spontaneously at term. Labour progressed rapidly and her cervix became fully dilated after 2½ hours. During one of her efforts to bear down, the patient complained of severe abdominal pain. After half an hour in the second stage, the patient was noticed to clench her fists suddenly and to become very drowsy and pale. Her blood pressure was then said to be 110/65 mm. Hg. and pulse 70 per minute. She was referred to Tsan Yuk Hospital with a diagnosis of intrapartum eclampsia.

On admission, the patient was in shock, with blood pressure 60/40 mm. Hg., pulse 140 per minute. There was marked pallor. On abdominal examination, the abdomen was grossly distended with dullness to percussion at the flanks. The uterus was enlarged to term size, the foetal parts were prominent in one area and the foetal head not engaged. Foetal heart sounds were absent. Vaginal examination revealed the cervix to be fully dilated. The vertex was above the level of the ischial spines, with marked moulding and caput formation. There was no vaginal bleeding and a diagnosis of ruptured uterus was made. The patient had cardiac arrest 15 minutes after admission from which she never recovered.

Autopsy revealed ruptured uterus with a haemoperitoneum of 3,000 ml.

Cause of death: Ruptured uterus.

Intraperitoneal haemorrhage.

Irreversible shock.

3. Non-booked case. Serial No. 6237/72 Age: 40 Gravida: 8 Para: 7

The patient came to our hospital on her own initiative because of labour pains and "show". All her previous pregnancies and deliveries were normal.

Her condition on admission was good. Her blood pressure was 130/80 mm. Hg. during labour and she has pitting oedema up to the knee. No albuminuria was detected. After a first stage of 3 hours and 40 minutes and a second stage of 35 minutes, she delivered spontaneously a female baby weighing 3,260 gm.

After the delivery of the baby, the patient had an generalized convulsion. The blood pressure following the convulsion was 140/90 mm. Hg. Thiopentone infusion was started to control the intrapartum esclampsia. The placenta was retained and the uterus was flabby. The patient bled about 600 ml. and manual removal of the placenta was carried out.

The uterus remained atonic despite administration of oxytocic drugs and bleeding persisted. The patient went into peripheral circulatory failure with unrecordable blood pressure and a thready pulse of 140 per minute. After resuscitation with blood transfusion, a hysterectomy was carried out 3 hours after delivery. The total blood loss was estimated to be 2.5 litres and was replaced by transfusion. After operation, her condition improved; with blood pressure 150/120 mm. Hg., pulse 120/min. with good volume and satisfactory urine output. Sedation with a thiopentone infusion was continued.

Two hours after hysterectomy, the patient was noted to have bleeding tendency and oozing of blood from the abdominal wound. A haematoma of the abdominal wound was evacuated and a pressure bandage was applied.

About 5 hours after surgery the breathing was noted to be laboured and the limbs were rigid. The pupils were equal in size but only reacted sluggishly to light. The patient died an hour later.

Autopsy: Multifocal haemorrhages - peritoneum, endocardium and bladder mucosa.

Subdural, subarachnoid and intracerebral haemorrhages.

Cause of death: Intrapartum eclampsia.

Postpartum haemorrhage.

Intracerebral haemorrhage.

Consumption coagulopathy.

TABLE 38
SUMMARY OF FOETAL LOSS

		S.B.		N.N.D.		P.N.D.	
	No. of babies	Incidence per 1,000 L.B. & S.B.	No. of babies	Incidence per 1,000 L.B.	No. of babies	Incidence per 1,000 L.B. & S.B.	
Total No. of live births and stillbirths
Total No. of live births
Booked	60 (2)	9.53	68 (6)	10.91	126 (8)
Non-booked	38 (2)	6.67	46 (3)	8.12	83 (5)
Primiparae...	22	37.04	22 (3)	38.46	43 (3)
Multiparae...	29 (2)	9.91	21 (—)	7.25	49 (2)
			31 (—)	9.20	47 (6)	14.08	77 (6)
		S. B.		N. N. D.		P. N. D.	
C A U S E S	No. of babies	Incidence	No. of babies	Incidence	No. of babies	Booked	Non-booked
1. Intrapartum anoxia	2	3.33%	6	8.82%	8
Contracted pelvis	—	—	1	—	—
Cord accident	2	—	1	—	—
Unknown cause	—	—	2	—	—
Toxaemia	—	—	1	—	—
Breech delivery	—	—	1	—	—
2. Congenital malformations	1	1.67%	12	17.65%	13
Multiple anomalies	—	—	5	5	—
Hydrocephalus	—	—	1	1	—
Anencephaly	1	—	4	4	—
C.V.S.	—	—	2	2	—
3. Antepartum anoxia	22	36.66%	5	7.36%	27
Toraemia	10	—	3	—	13
Postmaturity	1	—	1	—	1
Accidental haemorrhage	3	—	3	2	—
Placenta praevia	1	—	2	1	—
Diabetes mellitus	1	—	1	—	3
Cord accident	6	—	6	3	2

SUMMARY OF FOETAL LOSS (Continued)

CAUSES	S. B.		N. N. D.		P. N. D.							
	No. of babies	No. of Incidence	No. of babies	No. of Incidence	No. of babies	Booked	Non-booked	Primiparae	Multiparae	Incidence		
4. Antepartum deaths with no lesion	26	43.33%	—	— %	26	13	13	12	14	20.63%		
5. Respiratory distress syndrome	—	— %	30	44.12%	30	18	12	9	21	23.81%		
6. Birth trauma	1	1.67%	6	8.82%	7	6	1	3	4	5.55%
Prematurity	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	
Instrumental delivery (breech)	...	—	—	—	3	3	2	1	—	—	3	
(V.E.)	...	—	—	—	2	2	2	—	2	—	—	
(L.F.)	...	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	
7. Neonatal infection	—	— %	1	1.47%	—	—	—	—	— %	
Pneumonia	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	
8. Isoimmunization and other haemolytic disease	...	4	6.67%	6	8.82%	10	7	3	5	5	7.94%	
Hydrops foetalis	...	4	—	5	—	9	6	3	4	5	—	
Kernicterus	...	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	
9. Miscellaneous	...	4	6.67%	2	2.94%	5	4	1	2	3	3.97%	
Haemorrhagic disease of newborn	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	
Maternal liver disease	...	4	—	—	—	4	3	1	2	2	—	
Acute myeloid leukaemia	...	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

() No. in brackets indicates No. of twin babies.

SUMMARY OF FOETAL LOSS (Continued)

BIRTH WEIGHT:—

Birth weight (grams)	Foetal loss						S.B. No. of cases	N.N.D. No. of cases	P.N.D. No. of cases
	Under 1,000	1,001 — 1,500	1,501 — 2,000	2,001 — 2,500	2,501 — 3,000	3,001 — 3,500	3,501 — 4,000	4,001 — 4,500	
Under 1,000	11	4	15
1,001 — 1,500	9	23	30
1,501 — 2,000	13	17	30
2,001 — 2,500	12	6	18
2,501 — 3,000	7	10	17
3,001 — 3,500	6	4	10
3,501 — 4,000	1	3	4
4,001 — 4,500	1	1	2
Total	60	68	126

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

Method of delivery	Foetal loss						S.B. No. of cases	N.N.D. No. of cases	P.N.D. No. of cases
	Spontaneous	Vacuum extraction	Low forceps	Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	Caesarean section			
Spontaneous	46	36	81
Vacuum extraction	2	4	6
Low forceps	3	9	12
Assisted breech with forceps for A.C.H.	—	4	4
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	5	2	7
Caesarean section	4	13	16
Total	60	68	126

TABLE 39

PREMATURE LIVE-BORN INFANTS

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	528
Booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	422
Non-booked	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106
Primiparae	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	268
Multiparae	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	260
Multiple pregnancies	...	...	...	...	...	...	(one twin)	...	...	...	16
							(both twins)	...	...	...	21
							(all triplets)	...	...	...	1
Incidence (per 1,000 L.B.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84.70
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48(9.09%)

CAUSES OF DEATH:—

		No. of cases
Respiratory distress syndrome	...	27
Hydrops foetalis	...	2
Multiple anomalies	...	3
Congenital malformation of C.V.S.	...	2
Anencephaly	...	2
Birth trauma	...	2
Toxaemia	...	3
Placenta praevia	...	2
Kernicterus	...	1
Cord accident	...	1
Haemorrhagic disease of newborn	...	1
Pneumonia	...	1
Acute myeloid leukaemia	...	1

MATURITY (Weeks):—

	No. of cases	N.N.D.	No. of cases	Loss per 1,000
Under 32 wks.	36	22	—	611.11
32 — 33 wks.	44	14	—	318.18
34 — 35 wks.	55	1	—	18.18
36 — 37 wks.	107	4	—	37.38
38 — 39 wks.	150	5	—	33.33
40 — 41 wks.	86	—	—	—
42 wks. & over	12	—	—	—
Unknown	38	2	—	52.63

BIRTH WEIGHT (Grams):—

	No. of cases	N.N.D.	No. of cases	Loss per 1,000
Under 1,000	6	5	—	833.33
1,001 — 1,500	37	23	—	621.62
1,501 — 2,000	94	14	—	148.94
2,001 — 2,500	391	6	—	15.35

TABLE 40

CONGENITAL MALFORMATIONS

Total No. of cases	108
Booked	92
Non-booked	16
Incidence	17.16 per 1,000 L.B.& S.B.
Foetal mortality:—	
S.B.	2(1.85%)
N.N.D.	15(14.15%)
P.N.D.	15(13.89%)
Among live births	1.70%
Among stillbirths	3.33%
Among premature live births	4.72%
Among neonatal deaths	22.06%

TYPE OF MALFORMATION:—

	<i>No. of cases</i>
Multiple anomalies	7
Anomalies of central nervous system	6
Anomalies of cardio-vascular system	11
Anomalies of genito-urinary tract	14
Anomalies of gastro-intestinal tract	8
Anomalies of limbs	25
Anomalies of lips and palate	17
Anomalies of skin	8
Others	12

TABLE 41
BIRTH TRAUMA

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	123
Incidence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19.54 per 1,000 L.B. & S.B.
Foetal result:—	S.B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
	N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7(5.69%)
	P.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7(5.69%)

METHOD OF DELIVERY:—

	No. of babies	Percentage
Spontaneous	30	24.39
Vacuum extraction	78	63.41
Low forceps	7	5.69
Assisted breech with B.M.T. for A.C.H.	5	4.07
Caesarean section	3	2.44

TYPE OF INJURY:—(More than one type of injury may be present in each case)

	No. of cases
Cephalhaematoma	94
Abrasion of scalp	13
Tentorial tear	2
Cerebral symptoms	2
Depressed fracture of skull	1
Fracture of other bones	1
Combined	12

TABLE 42
NEO-NATAL INFECTIONS

Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	586
Incidence (per 1,000 L.B.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94.00
N.N.D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31
Neo-natal mortality rate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.29%

TABLE 43
NEO-NATAL JAUNDICE

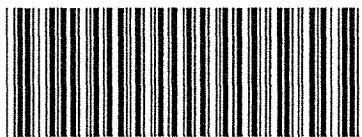
Total No. of cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	405
Incidence (per 1,000 L.B.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64.97
No. of cases with known cause	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	128(31.60%)

Cause	No. of cases	Exchange transfusion	N.N.D.
A.B.O. incompatibility	74	10	—
Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency	34	3	—
Cephalhaematoma	5	—	—
Prematurity	11	2	—
Sepsis	4	—	—
Unknown	277	16	3
Total	405	31	3

TABLE 44
X-RAY DEPARTMENT STATISTICS

<i>Month</i>	<i>Chest</i>	<i>Bones</i>	<i>Abdomen</i>	<i>Pelvimetry</i>	<i>Direct Placentalography</i>
Jan.	485	22	39	78	—
Feb.	323	11	40	73	12
Mar.	641	8	48	86	4
Apr.	517	9	51	99	9
May	638	6	61	87	9
June	705	9	51	88	13
July	613	12	73	121	18
Aug.	347	8	57	105	17
Sept.	387	18	50	109	20
Oct.	465	11	47	136	15
Nov.	367	7	48	91	13
Dec.	313	6	39	89	10
Total	5801	127	604	1162	140

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